

MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

LIMITED DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS OF CONSTABLE FOR PROMOTION TO ASSISTANT SUB-INSPECTOR (UB) UNDER HOME (POLICE) DEPARTMENTS, GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM. SEPTEMBER, 2019

LAW PAPER (WITHOUT BOOKS)

Time Allowed : 3 hours

FM : 100

*Marks for each question are indicated against it.
Attempt all questions.*

Section A : The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (Answer any two questions from this Section)

1. Write short note of *any two* of the following: (2×5=10)
 - (a) Secondary Evidence
 - (b) Re-examination
 - (c) Evidential value of Dying Declaration
2. Define 'evidence'. State and explain various types of evidence. (3+7=10)
3. Discuss the rules of confessions as enumerated under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. (10)
4. Who are experts? Discuss the rules of opinions of expert as evidence under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. (10)

Section B : The Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Answer any three questions from this Section)

5. Define 'right to private defence'. State and explain acts against which there is no right of private defence. (3+7=10)
6. Define Criminal Conspiracy and state its essentials. (10)
7. What are offences against the public tranquility? Explain any one of those offences. (3+7=10)
8. Write short note of *any two* of the following: (2×5=10)
 - (a) Offences relating to Marriage
 - (b) Sedition
 - (c) Grievous hurt
9. State and explain when a culpable homicide amounts to murder with exceptions if any. (10)

Section C : The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Answer any three questions from this Section)

10. Explain the circumstances in which an arrest without a warrant can be made under the Code of Criminal Procedure. (10)
11. Write a short note of *any two* of the following: (2×5=10)
- (a) Cognizance of an offence
 - (b) Form and content of charge
 - (c) Compounding of offences
12. What is the procedure to be followed by the police while making the search of a place without a warrant? (10)
13. Discuss the meaning and importance of the first information report (FIR), and examine the procedure for recording the FIR. (10)
14. What is “anticipatory bail”? Under what circumstances and by which court can such bail be granted? (2+8=10)

Section D : The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (Answer any two questions from this Section)

15. Explain provisions for ‘Liability without fault in certain cases’ as enumerated in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988. (10)
16. Write short commentary on any *two* of the following: 2x5=10
- (a) Offences relating to licences
 - (b) Offences for the purpose of Section 208
 - (c) Learner’s licence
17. Discuss procedure and powers of Claims Tribunals under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988. (10)
18. Discuss the provisions for ‘Insurance of Motor Vehicles against third party risks’ under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988. (10)

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