GROUP—‘A’

Police Act, 1861 (20 Marks)

1. Describe two of the provisions of the Police Act 1861, other than Section 23 of the said Act where duties of police officers are specified? (3+3=6)

2. What are the offences in which a Police Officer can take into custody, without warrant, any person, who within his view commits such offences, as empowered under Section 34 of Police Act? (10)

3. What are the powers of Special Police Officer? Who may apply for appointment of Special Police Officer? (3+1=4)

GROUP—‘B’

Assam Police Manual Part—III

Rule- 66. (20 Marks)

4. Name 5 (five) major penalties and 5 (five) minor penalties that may be imposed upon members of the police service. (10)

5. Fill in the blanks:
   (a) In the case of officers of or above the rank of __________ the proceedings shall be held by gazetted officer.
   (b) Every person preferring an appeal shall do so separately and in his __________.
   (c) No order of punishment passed in a proceeding may be modified or cancelled without the sanction of the __________ authority.
   (d) No ________ penalty shall generally be imposed upon Police Officer without informing him of the ground on which it is proposed to take action and without sufficient opportunity to be heard.
(e) Period on limitation for preferring appeal to the appellate authority is ________________.

(f) _________________ is the disciplinary authority to impose a penalty of removal from service upon the Inspector of Police.

(g) In Disciplinary Proceedings the __________ is of the greatest importance and its error could vitiate the whole enquiry.

(h) There is no appeal in case of __________.

(i) Major penalty can be imposed upon the police officers straight away based on ______________ order in a criminal court.

(j) No Pleader or Counsel shall be ___________ to appear in any disciplinary proceeding or appeal.

---

**GROUP - ‘C’**

Assam Police Manual Part – V

Circle Inspector and Police Station (20 Marks)

6. There are certain powers and duties of an Officer-in-Charge of the Police Station summarised in Rule-34 of Assam Police Manual Part-V. State any 10 (ten) of them. **(10)**

7. How would you send articles for Medical Examination? **(5)**

8. What are the important points to be covered while inspecting Police Stations by Circle Inspector?

   OR

   Mention the list to be hanged up in the wall of Police Station? **(5)**

---

**GROUP - ‘D’**

Constitution of India (Article 309 – 315) (20 Marks)

9. Under the provision of Article 311 of the Constitution of India, no government servant shall be dismissed, removed or reduced in rank except after an enquiry in which he has been informed of the charges against him and given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in respect of those charges.

   However this same Article provides that this clause shall not apply under 3(three) circumstances. State any 2(two) of these circumstances. **(10)**

10. Who or what may regulate the recruitment and conditions of services of persons appointed to Public Services and post in connection with the affairs of the Union or of any state? **(5)**

11. Describe the article which provides the Public Service Commission as constitutional body or institution. **(5)**
12. What are the three identification marks that the manufacturers should stamp distinctly on the fire-arms? (3)

13. Under what conditions can a person, without himself holding a licence, carry fire-arm or ammunition? (2)

14. How many fire-arms can a person possess? (2)

15. Who are the persons empowered to search vessels and vehicles for arms? (3)

16. What kind of person is prohibited by the Arms Act 1959 from acquiring or possessing fire-arms? (4)

17. What is the age limit prescribed by the Arm Rule, 1962 for use of fire-arms for purpose of training and target practice? (2)

18. Who is the authority to grant prosecution sanction against the person accused of offences under Section 3 (three) of the Arms Act? (2)

19. At what age will a person attain adulthood as per the provision of the Arms Act, 1959? (2)