

CSM : 14

PHYSICS PAPER - II

Time Allowed : 3 hours

Full Marks : 100

Marks for each question is indicated against it.

Attempt any 5 (five) questions taking not more than 3 (three) questions from each Part.

PART A

1. (a) A particle is enclosed in an one dimensional potential box. Write and solve the corresponding Schrödinger equation and hence obtain the wavefunction and the eigen values. **(2+12=14)**
(b) Show that (i) $[\sigma_x, \sigma_y] = 2i\sigma_z$ and (ii) $[\sigma^2, \sigma_x] = 0$ **(3+3=6)**
2. (a) Write a short note on the Pauli spin matrices. **(5)**
(b) Show that $[L^2, L_z] = 0$, where the terms have their usual meaning. **(5)**
(c) Solve the time independent Schrödinger equation for a three dimensional harmonic oscillator whose potential energy is
$$V = \frac{1}{2}(k_1x^2 + k_2y^2 + k_3z^2),$$
 where the terms have their usual meaning. **(10)**
3. (a) What is Zeeman effect? Discuss the experimental arrangement for studying Zeeman effect. Give a quantum mechanical explanation of anomalous Zeeman Effect. Illustrate your answer with the splitting of D-lines of Na. **(2+6+2+4=14)**
(b) Explain Frank-Condon principle. Also explain the intensity distribution in absorption bands by using this principle. **(3+3=6)**
4. (a) What is nuclear magnetic resonance? Discuss its elementary theory and explain one of its important applications. **(4+7+3=14)**
(b) The Raman shift (Stoke's line) of a certain vibrational mode of a molecular system appears at 1600cm^{-1} when excited with the 4880Å line of the Ar ion source. Find the energy of the scattered radiation. **(6)**

PART B

5. (a) Illustrate the salient features of nuclear forces. (8)
(b) Discuss in detail the Meson theory of nuclear forces. (12)
6. (a) What are quarks? Give an account of the quark model. (7)
(b) Give a brief account of the salient features of GUT. (7)
(c) For the hadrons, p^+ and n^0 , provide the quark content, baryon number, charge, spin and strangeness. (3+3=6)
7. (a) What is Meissner effect? Explain type I and type II super conductors with suitable diagrams. (2+4=6)
(b) Explain diamagnetism. Deduce Langevin's equation for volume susceptibility of diamagnetism of core electrons using the classical theory. What major conclusions are obtained from this result? (2+8+4=14)
8. (a) Discuss the structural features and principle of working of a p-channel JFET. (4+4=8)
(b) What are MOSFETs? How are they classified? (2+2=4)
(c) Explain with a circuit diagram, the working of an Operational Amplifier as a Differentiator circuit. (8)

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