MIZORAM EXCISE & NARCOTICS MANUAL 2005

Part - I

1. What are the responsibilities of an Inspector of Excise & Narcotics Department as laid down by the Manual of 2005? (4)

2. What are the general roles and duties of an Inspector of Excise & Narcotics Department towards investigation of case? (4)

3. Who is the appointing and disciplinary authority for all the non-gazetted officers and other ranks in the Excise & Narcotics Department under the Government of Mizoram? (2)

Part-II

4. State the duration of leave of absence empowered to be granted by the Superintendent of Excise & Narcotics to its ministerial staff? (2)

5. Who is responsible for maintaining service book of ministerial and enforcement staff under the Office of the Superintendent of Excise & Narcotics and what are his general duties towards the same? (4)

6. What is the limitation of entry of punishment into the service book of the staff under the Office of the Superintendent of Excise & Narcotics? (4)

Part-III

7. Who is the authorised key holder of Malkhana in respect of the property seized by the Excise and Narcotics Department in pending case? (2)

8. State which rank of Excise and Narcotics Officers can conduct prosecutions and also state whether the officer who has taken part in the investigation into the offence with respect to which the accused is being prosecuted is permitted to conduct the prosecutions. (4)

9. What are the duties of the Excise and Narcotics Constables in a prosecution branch? (4)

10. State under what circumstances the pending case of Excise and Narcotics in the court could be withdrawn. (4)

11. What is the duty of the officer concern when the State desires to file an appeal or revision against the Judgment & Order of the trial court before the higher forum? (4)
Part-IV

12. For how long can the person arrested without warrant be detained in a custody in the absence of a permission from the Magistrate for further detention? (2)

13. What are the essential contents of a Case Diary as prescribed by Section 172 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973? (4)

Part-V

14. What are the Rules to be adopted and followed in case of Departmental Proceedings where penalties may be imposed upon the personnel of the Excise and Narcotics Department? (4)

15. What is the prescribed maximum period of service for Excise & Narcotics Inspector in the same post without transfer in respect of District and Sub-Division? (4)

16. State the general procedure for making arrest? (4)

17. What are the general limitations for using handcuff and fetter to an under trial prisoner? (4)

MIZORAM EXCISE ACT 1973 & RULES

18. State the competent Court for trial of the offence under the Mizoram Excise Act 1973? (2)

19. State whether the Mizoram Excise Act 1973 is still in force or not. (2)

20. State the year when the Mizoram Excise Rules was framed? (2)

21. What is the punishment for contravention of the Mizoram Excise Act 1973 against the offender on the same offence after previously convicted? (2)

22. Can the place of manufacture and sale of intoxicant be inspected by the authorised official at anytime during day and night? (2)

ASSAM DRUG CONTROL ACT, 1950

23. What are the permissible quantities of drugs to have in possession by a private person? (2)

24. Can a person be prosecuted for the act done by him in good faith under the Assam Drug Control Act 1950. (2)

25. Who are competent to enter investigation in connection with the offence under the Assam Drug Control Act 1950? (3)

26. State the punishment for contravention of the Assam Drug Control Act 1950. (3)

MOTOR VEHICLES ACT, 1988

27. What is the minimum age requirement for driving a transport vehicle in any public place under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988? (2)

28. What is the minimum age requirement for driving a motor vehicle in any public place under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988? (2)
29. What is the punishment for driving a motor vehicle by a drunken person or a person under the influence of drugs under the MV Act, 1988? (3)

30. State which kind of injury sustained due to motor vehicle accident are termed as permanent disablement under the MV Act 1988? (3)

**INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT, 1872**

31. State whether the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 prescribed any requirement for number of witness in any case for proof of any fact. (1)

32. State whether the confessional statement made by the accused to the police officer is admissible in evidence. (1)

33. State the difference between Disproved and Not Proved? (2)

34. Who are competent to testify before the Court? (3)

35. How will a witness unable to communicate verbally give reliable evidence before the Court? (3)

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