MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

GENERAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS FOR RECRUITMENT TO THE POST OF U.D.C. UNDER TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT, May, 2019.

PAPER - I

Time Allowed: 3 hours Full Marks: 125

Attempt all questions.

SECTION - A (50 Marks)

This Section should be answered only on the Answer Sheet provided.

1. Write an essay on 'Population Explosion' in about 500 words.

(25)

2. Write a précis on the following passage.

(25)

When we survey our lives and efforts we soon observe that almost the whole of our actions and desires are bound up with the existence of other human beings. We notice that whole nature resembles that of the social animals. We eat food that others have produced, wear clothes that others have made, live in houses that others have built. The greater part of our knowledge and beliefs has been passed on to us by other people through the medium of a language which others have created. Without language and mental capacities, we would have been poor indeed comparable to higher animals.

We have, therefore, to admit that we owe our principal knowledge over the least to the fact of living in human society. The individual who is left alone from birth would remain primitive and beast like in his thoughts and feelings to a degree that we can hardly imagine. The individual is what he is and has the significance that he has, not much in virtue of the individuality, but rather as a member of a great human community, which directs his material and spiritual existence from the cradle to grave.

SECTION - B (75 Marks)

All questions carry equal marks of 1 each. Attempt all questions.

This Section should be answered only on the <u>OMR Response Sheet</u> provided.

Directions (Questions 1 - 8): Identify the parts of speech of the underlined words.

- 1. The rain made the grass wet.
 - (a) verb

(b) noun

(c) adverb

(d) adjective

- **2.** After three very unhappy years, they divorced.
 - (a) conjunction

(b) preposition

(c) noun

(d) adverb

3.	Can	you make <u>me</u> a birthday cake by Monday?				
	(a)	noun	(b)	pronoun		
	(c)	verb	(d)	adjective		
4.	The §	The government seems to change its mind a great deal.				
	(a)	adjective	(b)	verb		
	(c)	adverb	(d)	preposition		
5.	This	wood will make a good hiding place.				
	(a)	verb	(b)	adverb		
	(c)	adjective	(d)	pronoun		
6.	She	was made to repeat the whole story.				
	(a)	verb	(b)	pronoun		
	(c)	noun	(d)	adverb		
7.	Have	e we bought <u>enough</u> chairs?				
	(a)	verb	(b)	adjective		
	(c)	adverb	(d)	noun		
8.	That	was a difficult question.				
	(a)	adjective	(b)	adverb		
	(c)	preposition	(d)	conjunction		
	ctions ences.	(Questions 9 - 16): Pick out the correct	clau	se of the words underlined in the given		
9.	The j	ury believed that the man was guilty.				
	` '	noun clause	. ,	adjective clause		
	(c)	adverb clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause		
10.	I kno	ow the girl who won the prize.				
	(a)	adverb clause	(b)	noun clause		
	(c)	adjective clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause		
11.	<u>Befo</u>	<u>re I die</u> , I want to see Venice.				
	(a)	noun clause	(b)	adverb clause		
	(c)	adjective clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause		
12.	I wil	l not go until he arrives.				
	(a)	noun clause	(b)	adverb clause		
	(c)	adjective clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause		
13.	Do y	ou think <u>that I am a fool?</u>				
	` '	noun clause	(b)	adverb clause		
	(c)	adjective clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause		
14.	The l	hand that rocks the cradle rules the world.				
	()	noun clause	(b)	Adjective clause		
	(c)	adverb clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause		
15.	The 1	bankers need to know what they should do.				
	(a)	noun clause	(b)	adverb clause		

(d) co ordinate clause

(c) adjective clause

16.	Whic	ch one is the person who stole your car?		
	(a)	adjective clause	(b)	noun clause
	(c)	adverb clause	(d)	co-ordinate clause
Dire	ctions	(Questions 17 - 24) : Analyze the given so	enter	ices and choose the correct option.
17.	The l	poy was diligent, so the teacher praised him		
	(a)	complex sentence	(b)	simple sentence
	(c)	compound sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
18.	They	got there early and got really good seats.		
	(a)	compound sentence	(b)	simple sentence
	(c)	complex sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
19.	If yo	u look for it, you will find it.		
	(a)	Compound sentence	(b)	simple sentence
	(c)	complex sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
20.	The l	poy worked hard, but he didn't succeed.		
	(a)	simple sentence	(b)	complex sentence
	(c)	compound sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
21.	Altho	ough he was wealthy, he was still unhappy.		
	(a)	simple sentence	(b)	complex sentence
	(c)	compound sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
22.	Saral	n and Jessie are going swimming.		
	(a)	simple sentence	(b)	compound sentence
	(c)	complex sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
23.	Whe	never prices go up, Customers buy less prod	ucts.	
	(a)	simple sentence	(b)	complex sentence
	(c)	compound sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
24.	He ra	nn out of money, so he had to stop playing po	oker.	
	(a)	simple sentence	(b)	compound sentence
	(c)	complex sentence	(d)	compound-complex sentence
Dire	ctions	(Questions 25 - 32): Identify the conc	ept e	expressed by each of the sentences by
		one of the alternatives given.	•	
25.	Can	you please open the window?		
	(a)	Command	(b)	Request
	(c)	Suggestion	(d)	Obligation
26.	She v	will come home tomorrow.		
	Adve	erb of -		
	(a)	Time	(b)	Place
	(c)	Condition	(d)	Reason
27.	The	weather is very cold.		
	(a)	Imperative	(b)	Interrogative
	(c)	Assertive	(d)	Exclamatory

28.	I might go to the movies tomorrow.		
	(a) obligation	(b)	probability
	(c) determination	(d)	wish
29.	I will win the trophy.		
	(a) Determination	(b)	Condition
	(c) Wish	(d)	Probability
30.	Water the plants.		
	(a) Request	(b)	Imperative
	(c) offer	(d)	purpose
31.	She passed the course because she worked hard.		
	Adverb clause of:		
	(a) Manner	(b)	Place
	(c) Reason	(d)	Time
32.	Shall we go to the park?		
	(a) offer	(b)	Suggestion
	(c) Request	(d)	Wish
Direc	ctions (Questions 33 - 40) : Fill in the blanks v	vith t	he correct phrases
	Little Jenny her work well.		•
	(a) have done	(b)	has done
	(c) have do	(d)	had been done
34.	We here since the last twenty years.		
	(a) have been living	(b)	had been living
	(c) have lived	(d)	had lived
35.	She has been her options for a long time		
	(a) thinking for	(b)	thought of
	(c) thinking about	(d)	thought about
36.	You should your good work.		
	(a) carry up	(b)	carry on
	(c) carry off	(d)	carry out
37.	He the dog away.		
	(a) has taken	(b)	have taken
	(c) has took	(d)	has been taken
38.	It is too late to of the deal.		
	(a) back off		back down
	(c) back out	(d)	back up
39.	The police have warned shopkeepers to f	or for	ged notes.
	(a) look out	` ′	look for
	(c) look on	(d)	look about
40.	It takes a long time to prejudices.		
	(a) break out	` /	break down
	(c) break up	(d)	break open

Directions (Questions 41 - 48): Choose the correct alternative which is closest in meaning to the given phrases/sentences.

41.	41. A person who has changed his faith.						
	(a)	Atheist	(b)	Apostate			
	(c)	Agnostic	(d)	Ascetic			
42.	An uı	nconventional style of living.					
	(a)	Bohemian	(b)	Cannibal			
	(c)	Cosmopolitan	(d)	Cynic			
43.	One	who runs away from justice.					
	(a)	Convict	(b)	Fanatic			
	(c)	Fugitive	(d)	Heretic			
44.	A fan	nily of young animals.					
	(a)	Brood	(b)	puppies			
	(c)	School	(d)	Cattle			
45.	A pe	rson who draws or produces map.					
	(a)	Artist	(b)	Cartographer			
	(c)	Calligrapher	(d)	Curator			
46.	A pla	ace where bees are kept.					
	(a)	Aviary	(b)	Abattoir			
	(c)	Apiary	(d)	Archives			
47.	A sel	f governing country or region.					
	(a)	Aristocracy	(b)	Autonomy			
	(c)	Democracy	(d)	Bureaucracy			
48.	Lasti	ng for a very short time.					
	(a)	Ethereal	(b)	Souvenir			
	(c)	Resilient	(d)	Ephemeral			
Dina	.4 :	(Ou sations 40 57) . Fill in the blanks					
		(Questions 49 - 57): Fill in the blanks					
49.		e no experience, so I'm a disadvantage ·					
	(a)		(b)				
7 0	()	with	` /	for			
50.		grandparents lived in that same housea					
	` '	for	` ′	over			
		since	(a)	until			
51.		should have gotten here now.	(1.)	1			
	(a)		(b)	•			
	` /	until	(a)	since			
52.		ave put a lot of effort this project.	(1.)	:a1 :			
	(a)		` ′	within			
	(c)	into	(d)	on			

53.	Everyone Joanna agreed with me.		
	(a) except	(b)	with
	(c) without	(d)	also
54.	I read the News the newspaper		
	(a) on	(b)	in
	(c) at	(d)	within
55.	Who is the person this picture?		
	(a) on	(b)	in
	(c) from	(d)	by
56.	We live London.		
	(a) at	(b)	inside
	(c) in	(d)	on
57.	The child has been missing yesterday.		
	(a) since	(b)	from
	(c) for	(d)	on
ъ.	· (0	,•	1.11
	ctions (Questions 58 - 66) : Choose the alterns/phrases.	rnative w	vnich best expresses the meaning of the
	To make clean breast of.		
	(a) To gain prominence	(b)	to praise oneself
	(c) to confess without a reserve	` ′	to destroy before it blooms
59.	To have an axe to grind.	. ,	•
	(a) A private end to serve	(b)	to fail to arouse interest
	(c) to have no result	` '	to work for both sides
60.	To drive home.		
	(a) to find one's roots	(b)	to return to place of rest
	(c) to emphasize		back to original position
61.	To end in smoke.		
	(a) to ruin oneself	(b)	to make completely understand
	(c) to excite great applause	` ′	to overcome someone
62.	He passed himself off as a noble man.		
	(a) was regarded as	(b)	pretended to be
	(c) was thought to be	(d)	was looked upon
63.	Burning the candle at both ends.		
	(a) wasting his money	(b)	becoming overgenerous
	(c) overtaxing his energies	` ′	losing his objectives
64.	Out and out.	. ,	
J .•	(a) no more	(b)	thoroughly
	(c) in favor of	` ′	deadly against
65.	Dowry is a <u>burning question</u> of the day.	()	, ,
	(a) a dving issue	(b)	a relevant problem

(d) an irrelevant issue

(c) a widely debated issue

66.	On th	ne wane				
	(a)	at its peak	(b)	at rock bottom		
	(c)	growing more	(d)	growing less		
Dire	ctions	(Questions 67 - 75) : Choose the correct f	form	of verb.		
67.	John	TV every night.				
	(a)	watch	(b)	watches		
	(c)	watched	(d)	has watched		
68.	I am	tired ofhere.				
	(a)	working	(b)	work		
	(c)	having worked	(d)	worked		
69.	They	here next week to visit me.				
	(a)	came	(b)	come		
	(c)	will come	(d)	coming		
70.	I	watching TV when Paul and Simon arrive	ed.			
	(a)	is	(b)	am		
	(c)	was	(d)	were		
71.	I hav	e never sushi before.				
	(a)	eat	(b)	eaten		
	(c)	ate	(d)	eats		
72.	I don	't know who the chair.				
	(a)	breaks	(b)	break		
	(c)	broke	(d)	breaking		
73.	Some	eone moved my bag.				
	(a)	have	(b)	having		
	(c)	was	(c)	has		
74. When I reached the station, the train						
	(a)	left	(b)	had left		
	(c)	leaves	(d)	leave		
75.	His c	ompany is greatly after.				
	(a)	sought	(b)	seek		
	(c)	seeked	(d)	seeking		

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