PAPER - I

Attempt all questions.

SECTION - A
(50 Marks)

This Section should be answered only on the Answer Sheet provided.

1. Write an essay on ‘Population Explosion’ in about 500 words. (25)

2. Write a précis on the following passage. (25)

When we survey our lives and efforts we soon observe that almost the whole of our actions and desires are bound up with the existence of other human beings. We notice that whole nature resembles that of the social animals. We eat food that others have produced, wear clothes that others have made, live in houses that others have built. The greater part of our knowledge and beliefs has been passed on to us by other people through the medium of a language which others have created. Without language and mental capacities, we would have been poor indeed comparable to higher animals.

We have, therefore, to admit that we owe our principal knowledge over the least to the fact of living in human society. The individual who is left alone from birth would remain primitive and beast like in his thoughts and feelings to a degree that we can hardly imagine. The individual is what he is and has the significance that he has, not much in virtue of the individuality, but rather as a member of a great human community, which directs his material and spiritual existence from the cradle to grave.

SECTION - B
(75 Marks)

All questions carry equal marks of 1 each. Attempt all questions.

This Section should be answered only on the OMR Response Sheet provided.

Directions (Questions 1 - 8) : Identify the parts of speech of the underlined words.

1. The rain made the grass wet.
   (a) verb (b) noun (c) adverb (d) adjective

2. After three very unhappy years, they divorced.
   (a) conjunction (b) preposition (c) noun (d) adverb
3. Can you make me a birthday cake by Monday?
   (a) noun (b) pronoun
   (c) verb (d) adjective

4. The government seems to change its mind a great deal.
   (a) adjective (b) verb
   (c) adverb (d) preposition

5. This wood will make a good hiding place.
   (a) verb (b) adverb
   (c) adjective (d) pronoun

6. She was made to repeat the whole story.
   (a) verb (b) pronoun
   (c) noun (d) adverb

7. Have we bought enough chairs?
   (a) verb (b) adjective
   (c) adverb (d) noun

8. That was a difficult question.
   (a) adjective (b) adverb
   (c) preposition (d) conjunction

Directions (Questions 9 - 16): Pick out the correct clause of the words underlined in the given sentences.

9. The jury believed that the man was guilty.
   (a) noun clause (b) adjective clause
   (c) adverb clause (d) co-ordinate clause

10. I know the girl who won the prize.
    (a) adverb clause (b) noun clause
    (c) adjective clause (d) co-ordinate clause

11. Before I die, I want to see Venice.
    (a) noun clause (b) adverb clause
    (c) adjective clause (d) co-ordinate clause

12. I will not go until he arrives.
    (a) noun clause (b) adverb clause
    (c) adjective clause (d) co-ordinate clause

13. Do you think that I am a fool?
    (a) noun clause (b) adverb clause
    (c) adjective clause (d) co-ordinate clause

14. The hand that rocks the cradle rules the world.
    (a) noun clause (b) Adjective clause
    (c) adverb clause (d) co-ordinate clause

15. The bankers need to know what they should do.
    (a) noun clause (b) adverb clause
    (c) adjective clause (d) co ordinate clause
16. Which one is the person who stole your car?
   (a) adjective clause    (b) noun clause
   (c) adverb clause       (d) co-ordinate clause

Directions (Questions 17 - 24) : Analyze the given sentences and choose the correct option.

17. The boy was diligent, so the teacher praised him.
   (a) complex sentence    (b) simple sentence
   (c) compound sentence    (d) compound-complex sentence

18. They got there early and got really good seats.
   (a) compound sentence    (b) simple sentence
   (c) complex sentence     (d) compound-complex sentence

19. If you look for it, you will find it.
    (a) Compound sentence   (b) simple sentence
    (c) complex sentence    (d) compound-complex sentence

20. The boy worked hard, but he didn’t succeed.
    (a) simple sentence      (b) complex sentence
    (c) compound sentence    (d) compound-complex sentence

21. Although he was wealthy, he was still unhappy.
    (a) simple sentence      (b) complex sentence
    (c) compound sentence    (d) compound-complex sentence

22. Sarah and Jessie are going swimming.
    (a) simple sentence      (b) compound sentence
    (c) complex sentence     (d) compound-complex sentence

23. Whenever prices go up, Customers buy less products.
    (a) simple sentence      (b) complex sentence
    (c) compound sentence    (d) compound-complex sentence

24. He ran out of money, so he had to stop playing poker.
    (a) simple sentence      (b) compound sentence
    (c) complex sentence     (d) compound-complex sentence

Directions (Questions 25 - 32) : Identify the concept expressed by each of the sentences by choosing one of the alternatives given.

25. Can you please open the window?
    (a) Command              (b) Request
    (c) Suggestion           (d) Obligation

26. She will come home tomorrow.
    Adverb of -
    (a) Time                 (b) Place
    (c) Condition            (d) Reason

27. The weather is very cold.
    (a) Imperative           (b) Interrogative
    (c) Assertive            (d) Exclamatory
28. I might go to the movies tomorrow.
   (a) obligation  (b) probability
   (c) determination  (d) wish

29. I will win the trophy.
   (a) Determination  (b) Condition
   (c) Wish  (d) Probability

30. Water the plants.
   (a) Request  (b) Imperative
   (c) offer  (d) purpose

31. She passed the course because she worked hard.
   Adverb clause of:
   (a) Manner  (b) Place
   (c) Reason  (d) Time

32. Shall we go to the park?
   (a) offer  (b) Suggestion
   (c) Request  (d) Wish

Directions (Questions 33 - 40) : Fill in the blanks with the correct phrases.

33. Little Jenny _____ her work well.
   (a) have done  (b) has done
   (c) have do  (d) had been done

34. We _______ here since the last twenty years.
   (a) have been living  (b) had been living
   (c) have lived  (d) had lived

35. She has been _______ her options for a long time.
   (a) thinking for  (b) thought of
   (c) thinking about  (d) thought about

36. You should _______ your good work.
   (a) carry up  (b) carry on
   (c) carry off  (d) carry out

37. He _______ the dog away.
   (a) has taken  (b) have taken
   (c) has took  (d) has been taken

38. It is too late to _____ of the deal.
   (a) back off  (b) back down
   (c) back out  (d) back up

39. The police have warned shopkeepers to ______ for forged notes.
   (a) look out  (b) look for
   (c) look on  (d) look about

40. It takes a long time to _____ prejudices.
   (a) break out  (b) break down
   (c) break up  (d) break open
Directions (Questions 41 - 48): Choose the correct alternative which is closest in meaning to the given phrases/sentences.

41. A person who has changed his faith.
   (a) Atheist (b) Apostate (c) Agnostic (d) Ascetic

42. An unconventional style of living.
   (a) Bohemian (b) Cannibal (c) Cosmopolitan (d) Cynic

43. One who runs away from justice.
   (a) Convict (b) Fanatic (c) Fugitive (d) Heretic

44. A family of young animals.
   (a) Brood (b) puppies (c) School (d) Cattle

45. A person who draws or produces map.
   (a) Artist (b) Cartographer (c) Calligrapher (d) Curator

46. A place where bees are kept.
   (a) Aviary (b) Abattoir (c) Apiary (d) Archives

47. A self governing country or region.
   (a) Aristocracy (b) Autonomy (c) Democracy (d) Bureaucracy

48. Lasting for a very short time.
   (a) Ethereal (b) Souvenir (c) Resilient (d) Ephemeral

Directions (Questions 49 - 57): Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions.

49. I have no experience, so I’m ____ a disadvantage when it come to job interviews.
   (a) in (b) at (c) with (d) for

50. My grandparents lived in that same house ____ ages.
   (a) for (b) over (c) since (d) until

51. She should have gotten here ____ now.
   (a) to (b) by (c) until (d) since

52. We have put a lot of effort ____ this project.
   (a) in (b) within (c) into (d) on
Everyone ___ Joanna agreed with me.
   (a) except            (b) with
   (c) without           (d) also

54. I read the News ____ the newspaper
   (a) on                 (b) in
   (c) at                (d) within

55. Who is the person ____ this picture?
   (a) on                 (b) in
   (c) from             (d) by

56. We live ____ London.
   (a) at                (b) inside
   (c) in                (d) on

57. The child has been missing ____ yesterday.
   (a) since            (b) from
   (c) for              (d) on

Directions (Questions 58 - 66) : Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idioms/phrases.

58. To make clean breast of.
   (a) To gain prominence           (b) to praise oneself
   (c) to confess without a reserve (d) to destroy before it blooms

59. To have an axe to grind.
   (a) A private end to serve      (b) to fail to arouse interest
   (c) to have no result           (d) to work for both sides

60. To drive home.
   (a) to find one’s roots         (b) to return to place of rest
   (c) to emphasize                (d) back to original position

61. To end in smoke.
   (a) to ruin oneself            (b) to make completely understand
   (c) to excite great applause    (d) to overcome someone

62. He passed himself off as a noble man.
   (a) was regarded as             (b) pretended to be
   (c) was thought to be           (d) was looked upon

63. Burning the candle at both ends.
   (a) wasting his money          (b) becoming overgenerous
   (c) overtaxing his energies     (d) losing his objectives

64. Out and out.
   (a) no more                    (b) thoroughly
   (c) in favor of                (d) deadly against

65. Dowry is a burning question of the day.
   (a) a dying issue              (b) a relevant problem
   (c) a widely debated issue     (d) an irrelevant issue
66. On the wane
   (a) at its peak (b) at rock bottom
   (c) growing more (d) growing less

Directions (Questions 67 - 75) : Choose the correct form of verb.

67. John ____ TV every night.
   (a) watch (b) watches
   (c) watched (d) has watched

68. I am tired of ____ here.
   (a) working (b) work
   (c) having worked (d) worked

69. They ______ here next week to visit me.
   (a) came (b) come
   (c) will come (d) coming

70. I ______ watching TV when Paul and Simon arrived.
   (a) is (b) am
   (c) was (d) were

71. I have never ______ sushi before.
   (a) eat (b) eaten
   (c) ate (d) eats

72. I don’t know who ____ the chair.
   (a) breaks (b) break
   (c) broke (d) breaking

73. Someone _____ moved my bag.
   (a) have (b) having
   (c) was (c) has

74. When I reached the station, the train ____
   (a) left (b) had left
   (c) leaves (d) leave

75. His company is greatly _____ after.
   (a) sought (b) seek
   (c) seeked (d) seeking

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