MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS FOR JUNIOR GRADE OF M.E.S. (AE/SDO) UNDER PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM, DECEMBER, 2019.

CIVIL ENGINEERING PAPER - II

Time Allowed: 3 hours	FM: 100	DM . 40
Tille Allowed . 5 flours	$\Gamma M \cdot 100$	$\Gamma M \cdot 40$

The figures in the parenthesis indicate full marks for the questions.

	PART - I	<u>[</u>		
Direction	(Questions No. 1 - 10) : Choose the correct a	insw	er from the followings.	(10×2=20)
1. Whi	ch of the following item of work is not an opera	ition	for formation work in road cons	truction?
(a)	Jungle clearance	(b)	Trace-cut	
(c)	Earthwork in excavation	(d)	None of these	
2. Gene	erally, the maximum depth of drill holes for blas	sting	in continuous rock is restricted	to :-
(a)	1.0 m	(b)	1.2 m	
(c)	1.5 m	(d)	2.0 m	
3. The	co-efficient of side friction taken for calculation	ofn	ninimum curve radii in road is :-	
(a)	0.1	(b)	0.15	
(c)	0.20	(d)	0.25	
4. Whi	ch of the following category of sight distance is	not f	easible in hill roads?	
(a)	Stopping	(b)	Intermediate	
(c)	Over-taking	(d)	None of these	
5. Choo	ose the one which is not a cross-drainage struct	ture i	n road from the followings :-	
(a)	Ferries	(b)	Culverts	
(c)	Catch water drain	(d)	Fords	
6. The	minimum 28-days strength as per IS:458-2003	3 for	NP pipes, if mortar is used is :-	
(a)	15 Mpa	(b)	25 Mpa	
(c)	30 Mpa	(d)	35 Mpa	
	bearing capacity for design of Retaining wall s, shall not exceed :-	in th	ne case of non-erodible rocks h	aving open
(a)	One-half the un-confine compression strength	h of t	he rock	

(b) One-tenth the un-confine compression strength of the rock
(c) One-twelveth the un-confine compression strength of the rock
(d) One-fifteenth the un-confine compression strength of the rock

(a)	2.0 m	(b)	4.0 m
(c)	6.0 m	(d)	8.0 m
9. Re-i1	nforced earth wall is generally economical whe	re he	ight is more than :-
(a)	5.0 m	(b)	8.0 m
(c)	9.0 m	(d)	12.0 m
	RC code for 'Recommendation about the align	men	t survey and Geometric design of hill roads'
1S :-			
(a)	IRC:SP-52	(b)	IRC:52
(4)			ID C 40
()	IRC:SP-48	(d)	IRC:48

- 11. (a) Explain Ground Reconnaissance in alignment survey.
 - (b) What are the data to be collected during Ground reconnaissance?
- 12. (a) What are the methods of attaining super-elevation in road construction?
 - (b) State under what condition the each of the method of attaining super-elevation may be preferred.
- 13. (a) How many passing places per kilometre should be provided nominally?
 - (b) Draw typical plan of passing place for Village road category, giving appropriate dimensions.
- **14.** (a) Give reason why up-rooting or grubbing of under growth/shrubs etc., except for areas coming under road bed, should be avoided during jungle clearance in formation cutting operation?
 - (b) Explain with line diagram how cutting of trees may be done to fall on the desired side during jungle clearance.
- **15.** (a) Explain 'Expedients' in connection with construction of road?
 - (b) Define Safety fuse and Cordtex.
- **16.** (a) What is the function of Catch-pit in culvert.
 - (b) Draw typical cross-section of culvert with catch-pit, chute, Guide wall and apron
- 17. (a) Discuss the feasibility of full hill cutting or construction of Retaining wall to achieve formation width.
 - (b) With respect to height parameter, give recommendation on the type of masonry wall that may be constructed as protective wall.
- **18.** (a) Explain Direct and Indirect method of landslide mitigation measures.
 - (b) Draw typical diagram of Bally revetment and label them. Dimensions not necessary.

PART - II

Dire	ction	(Questions No. 19 - 28) : Choose the correct	ansı	wer from the followings.	$(10 \times 2 = 20)$
19.		to commencement of compaction of sub-grade e Engineer, at least before :-	e, the	contractor shall submit the I	MDD and OMC
	(a)	7 days	(b)	14 days	
	(c)	21 days	(d)	30 days	
20.		ng spreading and compacting of GBS layer, m S:2720 (part-2) and adjusted so that at the tim			d be checked as
	(a)	1 to 2% above OMC	(b)	1 to 2% below OMC	
	(c)	3 to 4% above OMC	(d)	3 to 4% below OMC	
21.	Ifar	oller is designated as 8-10 tons, the weight of	the m	nachine portion is:-	
	(a)	8 tons	(b)	9 tons	
	(c)	10 tons	(d)	Variable between 8-10 ton	ıs
22.		maximum surface irregularity for sub-grade w perpendicular to the centre-line of the road is:		checked with 3m straight ed	ge both parallel
	(a)	6.0 mm	(b)	8.0 mm	
	(c)	10.0mm	(d)	15.0mm	
23.	conc	ry lean concrete sub-base, samples for making rete from different locations immediately before 2 samples	re co		un-compacted
		5 samples	` ′	6 samples	
24		-	. ,	•	t a th a
24.		in-situ density of pavement concrete shall be s 1.5%		2%	t more man
	` '	3%	` ′	3.3%	
	. ,		()		
25.		PSC Girder constituting the top flange, web and b		_	<u>•</u>
	(a)	There is no construction joints	(b)	3	
	(c)	There is only vertical joints	(d)	Joints are provided at pre-p	planned sections
26.	sepa	apliance of which of the following item shall rate measurement or payment shall be made:-			he work and no
	(a)	Control of soil erosion, sedimentation and wa	ter p	ollution	
	(b)	Pollution from plants & batching plants			
	(c)	Construction camps			
	(d)	All of the above			
27.	As po	er MoRTH specifications for Road & Bridges (5 :-	oth Re	evision), Lead for material sh	nall be measured
	(a)	Route actually taken			
	(b)	Shortest practicable route			

(c) Longest practicable route

(d) Average of shortest & Longest practicable route

- 28. In hilly areas, the recommendation for setting up of small repair and service stations is at a distance about:-
 - (a) 20 km

(b) 50 km

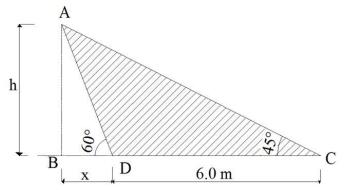
(c) 80 km

(d) 95 km

Direction (Questions No. 29 - 36): Attempt only 6 (six) questions.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- **29.** Explain with diagram Compression crusher and Impact crusher. Give comparison of the two types of crusher with reference to cost per tonne and shape of the aggregate output.
- **30.** (a) What is the primary function of Base/Sub-base layer in Rigid pavement?
 - (b) Discuss Dry lean concrete as base/sub-base course for rigid pavement with reference to the concrete strength requirement.
- 31. (a) Explain the phenomenon 'Bath-tub' situation within the pavement structural layer.
 - (b) Compare DBM & BM as base course in pavement.
- **32.** (a) What will be the probable consequences if the design period of pavement is taken as 2 years and 100 years respectively?
 - (b) What is the advantage of Viscosity Grade Bitumen over Penetration Grade Bitumen?
- **33.** (a) How surface regularity of pavement is checked?
 - (b) How is the defective areas having irregularity exceeding the permissible limit in cement concrete pavement rectified?
- **34.** Discuss in brief the factors affecting selection of site for Bridges.
- **35.** (a) Discuss the treatment in-principle to be given to the locations where there is a scenic natural beauty along the road.
 - (b) Write short note on the role played by Engineering, Enforcement and Education for the safety in Highways.
- **36.** The Cross-section of Earthwork (shaded portion) for road construction is given in the figure. Estimate the cost of earthwork per kilometre. Consider the entire stretch is soil class without rocks and the rate of excavation is Rs 73.80 per Cum.



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