1. Which of the following is a mass approach method of communication
   (a) Folk songs  
   (b) Exhibitions  
   (c) Drama  
   (d) Fairs

2. Extension Education aims at
   (a) Adding knowledge  
   (b) Changes in system  
   (c) Developing conviction  
   (d) Flexibility in approach

3. One of the tools of evaluation in extension education is
   (a) Research study  
   (b) Credibility  
   (c) Communication channels  
   (d) Officer records

4. The audio – visual aids facilitate learning by
   (a) Focusing attention of students on the aid itself  
   (b) Clarifying the principle, fact or skill to be learnt  
   (c) Delineating the abstract from the concrete  
   (d) Repeating the responses of the students that need stabilizing

5. The non-formal education fulfils the need of
   (a) Continuing and practical education of everybody  
   (b) The rich people who can invest money in out of school education  
   (c) The women alone who remain at home all day long  
   (d) The children who want to supplement their formal education

6. Flash cards are appropriate for
   (a) Social advertising  
   (b) Explaining a process or steps  
   (c) Publicity of an event  
   (d) Giving information of a programme

7. Which of the following demonstrates an improved practice?
   (a) Result demonstration  
   (b) Simple demonstration  
   (c) Composite demonstration  
   (d) Method demonstration

8. An interesting aids for telling stories to the village people
   (a) Puppet  
   (b) Drama  
   (c) Folk songs  
   (d) Dances
9. Transmission and interacting of ideas, facts, opinions, feelings or attitudes is called
   (a) Education  (b) Communication  
   (c) Development  (d) Speech

10. An excursion organised by the teacher to enrich the students experience
   (a) Visits  (b) Field trips
   (c) Survey  (d) Travel

11. Projected audio visual aids
   (a) Overhead Projector  (b) Flannel graphs 
   (c) Charts  (d) Pictures

12. Home Science Extension extends technical knowledge to ____________ in rural and urban areas
   (a) Employed mothers  (b) Farm wives
   (c) Adolescents  (d) Children

13. The process of influencing the behaviour of the individual in a given situation is called
   (a) Leadership  (b) Management
   (c) Authority  (d) Supervision

14. Teaching of Extension Education is
   (a) Class Oriented  (b) Subject Centred
   (c) Degree Oriented  (d) Problem Oriented

15. The word ‘communication’ is derived from the
   (a) Latin word  (b) Greek word
   (c) English word  (d) Dutch word

16. Those who hold positions in village organisations and are recognised by villagers as their leaders are
   (a) Traditional emergent leaders  (b) Composite leaders
   (c) Agro-social leaders  (d) Leaders

17. The connecting links between communicators and receivers are
   (a) Channels  (b) Radio
   (c) Television  (d) Telephone

18. Which of the following provides first hand information about village problems and activities?
   (a) Mass approach  (b) Group approach
   (c) Individual approach  (d) Public approach

19. An effective communication demands
   (a) One-way communication  (b) Two-way communication
   (c) Three-way communication  (d) Upward communication

20. Which of the following is more expensive?
   (a) Slide programme  (b) Audio cassette
   (c) Video programme  (d) E-mail

21. The revolution in Telecommunication was brought about under the chairmanship of
   (a) Rajiv Gandhi  (b) Sam Pitroda
   (c) Geoff Potter  (d) None
22. A network that can store, transit and deliver messages by electronic means
   (a) Telecommunication (b) Telecommunication
   (c) Telecommunication (d) Telecommunication

23. Good source of entertainment and education for the villagers
   (a) Puppet (b) Folks media
   (c) Drama (d) Magic shows

24. There is no fixed curriculum in
   (a) Extension Education (b) Formal Education
   (c) Informal Education (d) School Education

25. Increased farm production is a means for raising the
   (a) Standard of living (b) Standards
   (c) Economic Condition (d) Social Condition

26. A smallest device computer
   (a) Minicomputer (b) Micro computer
   (c) Mainframe computer (d) Super computer

27. Information can be stored in large quantities in databases in
   (a) Analog Computer (b) Video text
   (c) Hybrid computer (d) Electronic e-mail

28. Micro teaching is based on
   (a) Practical (b) Observation
   (c) Conferencing (d) Computer assistance

29. Home Science extension was started in
   (a) Around 1960 (b) Late 1930
   (c) Between 1960 and 1970 (d) Late 1945

30. Face to face communication between two persons
   (a) Persuasive and influential (b) Lowest form of communication
   (c) Involve two senses (d) Intimate relationship

31. Drama, puppets, folk media are examples of
   (a) Interpersonal Communication (b) Indigenous Communication
   (c) Unfocused Communication (d) Individual Communication

32. Which of the following is/are applicable to mass communication?
   (a) Indirect (b) Channel
   (c) Relationship (d) Gestures

33. Puppetry becomes a valuable ___________ only if the message to be communicated is developed in
    dramatic terms
   (a) Art (b) Visual aid
   (c) Dance (d) Culture
34. Institution channels are based on
   (a) Five senses  
   (b) Print and electronic media  
   (c) Localite channels  
   (d) Participation

35. Which of the following principle indicate the thrust of Home Science Extension?
   (a) Simple to complex  
   (b) Concrete to abstract  
   (c) Learning by doing  
   (d) Part to whole

36. For an extension work to be effective and real, it should
   (a) Start at the village level  
   (b) Be well organised  
   (c) Have the co-operation from the govt.  
   (d) Have enough fund

37. Mass approach in communication can be obtained through
   (a) Film show  
   (b) Home visits  
   (c) Demonstration  
   (d) Panel discussion

38. The main objective of the Rural Development Programme is
   (a) To raise economic condition of the rural people  
   (b) To raise social condition of the rural people  
   (c) Both ‘a’ and ‘b’  
   (d) None

39. Which of the following is given priority to the programmes of Rural Development?
   (a) Economic development  
   (b) Satisfaction of the people  
   (c) Understanding of the people  
   (d) Interest of the people

40. Extension education in Home Science combines both
   (a) Formal and informal sector  
   (b) Adult and informal literacy  
   (c) Knowledge and application technique  
   (d) Values and skills

41. Visual takes the form of
   (a) Pictures  
   (b) Action  
   (c) Words  
   (d) Listening

42. A communication model includes
   (a) Sender, message, destination and receiver  
   (b) Speaker, speech, channel and audience  
   (c) Sender, transmitter, signal and receiver  
   (d) Sender, message, treatment, channel and receiver

43. Display visual include
   (a) Posters and charts  
   (b) Pictures and films  
   (c) Chalk and flannel boards  
   (d) Graphs and maps

44. One of the principles of extension work is
   (a) Work with the people  
   (b) Work by choice  
   (c) Work for the people  
   (d) Work with interest

45. In TRYSEM scheme, the target group is
   (a) Urban women  
   (b) Rural youth  
   (c) Urban youth  
   (d) Rural youth and women below poverty line
46. In a non-formal educational programme the syllabus is based on
   (a) Standardised course extent (b) Expertise on the trainers
   (c) Needs of the learners (d) Needs of the organisation

47. Evaluation is needed
   (a) At the end of the programme (b) In the beginning of the programme
   (c) Only once during the programme (d) At every stage of the programme

48. The curriculum content for a non-formal education should be
   (a) Elementary (b) Simple
   (c) Flexible (d) Consistent

49. Face to face communication between two individuals is termed as
   (a) Individual Communication (b) Interpersonal Communication
   (c) Mass Communication (d) Group Communication

50. Cobol is a separate language for
   (a) Video text (b) Electronic e-mail
   (c) Computer (d) Tele Conferencing

51. A colour is scheme is called Spilt Complimentary Scheme when
   (a) Yellow, green and red are used
   (b) Blue is used with red orange and yellow orange
   (c) Green, orange and blue green
   (d) Blue-green, blue-purple and red

52. Management in the home is:
   (a) A mere performance of work (b) The responsibility of the head of the family
   (c) The use of family resources (d) The major means of achieving family goal

53. The requirements of a good structured design is
   (a) The selection and arrangement of materials (b) To create order and beauty
   (c) Organisation of beauty, structure and materials (d) To be suited to its purpose

54. One of the important consumer aid is
   (a) Advertisement (b) Consumer Co-operative
   (c) Gov’t legislations (d) Rights

55. The brightness and dullness of colour is indicated by
   (a) Hue (b) Intensity
   (c) Value (d) Shade

56. One of the basic art elements include
   (a) Balance (b) Emphasis
   (c) Line (d) Harmony

57. Money income is
   (a) Direct income (b) Indirect income
   (c) Real income (d) Known source
58. Greek oblong has a ratio of _____________ for flat surfaces
   (a) 1:2  (b) 2:3
   (c) 3:4  (d) 4:5

59. The task lighting provides
   (a) Aesthetic beauty  (b) Shadowless light
   (c) Light with more intensity  (d) Sufficient amount of light

60. The following is used to insulate refrigerator
   (a) Rock wool  (b) Saw dust
   (c) Bakelite  (d) Vanadium

61. Average patterns of time use are known as
   (a) Work curve  (b) Outputs
   (c) Time norms  (d) Activity patterns

62. A ledger is a
   (a) Cash book  (b) Balance sheet
   (c) Journal  (d) Principal Book account

63. The ‘how to’ type of decisions are
   (a) Economic decisions  (b) Technical decisions
   (c) Crucial decisions  (d) Emergency decisions

64. People change to meet the standards in
   (a) Flexible standards  (b) Qualitative standards
   (c) Conventional standards  (d) Quantitative standards

65. The family is not tied by investment in a house when it is
   (a) Rented  (b) Owned
   (c) Both ‘a’ and ‘b’  (d) None of the above

66. The following ventilation is effective when the temperature in the room is higher than the outside.
   (a) Cross ventilation  (b) Shaft ventilation
   (c) Roof ventilation  (d) Self ventilation

67. Roominess can be achieved by
   (a) Proper economy of space  (b) Positioning of doors and window
   (c) Making rooms multipurpose  (d) Screening one room for another

68. It is used in making a more detailed study of some particular part of the process.
   (a) Process chart  (b) Cyclegraph
   (c) Operation chart  (d) Pathway chart

69. Human resources are those which
   (a) Are community facilities  (b) Are material goods
   (c) Are inherent in person  (d) Are manageable

70. Which is the unit of society?
   (a) Household  (b) Family
   (c) Culture  (d) Quassi household
71. Following is the best soil for building a house
   (a) Clay soil       (b) Rocky soil
   (c) Gravelly soil  (d) Concrete and limestone

72. A contract or a credit instrument between the lender and the debtor is called
   (a) Bond          (b) Stock
   (c) Shares        (d) Credit

73. Making decisions, dealing with family activities are part of the
   (a) Planning process (b) Controlling process
   (c) Implementing process (d) Evaluating process

74. A base metal is coated to prevent it from rusting. The coating may be of
   (a) Aluminium     (b) Zinc
   (c) Tin           (d) Lead

75. Which of the following is a forceful tool of persuading and influencing the consumer’s judgement?
   (a) Labelling    (b) Advertisement
   (c) Packaging    (d) Selling

76. The aim of proper orientation is to
   (a) Admit the required amount of sunshine into the house
   (b) Enjoy wider and brighter outlook
   (c) Meet the changing needs of the family
   (d) Keep the temperature equable

77. The right to fair settlement and compensation for faulty goods and services is called
   (a) Consumer education (b) Consumer protection
   (c) Redressal        (d) Safety

78. Which of the following is used in cord of heating appliances?
   (a) Asbestos       (b) Glass wool
   (c) Fibre glass   (d) Mica

79. Intelligence is
   (a) A goal        (b) An instrumental goal
   (c) Intrinsic value  (d) Standard

80. Following is best producer of value
   (a) Culture       (b) Society
   (c) Church        (d) Family

81. A progression of sizes is another technique to achieve rhythm. It is called
   (a) Gradation     (b) Radiating
   (c) Repetition    (d) Curvilinear

82. The housing needs a given family is determined by
   (a) The income of the family  (b) The stage it has reach in its cycle
   (c) the standard it has conformed to  (d) the goal it has set
83. Lighting needs to be concealed or shaded in
   (a) Bedroom  (b) Dining room
   (c) Living room  (d) Store room

84. A dislike for work is associated with
   (a) Boredom fatigue  (b) Frustration fatigue
   (c) Psychological fatigue  (d) Both ‘b’ and ‘c’

85. Abstinence from present consumption for the sake of future consumption is called
   (a) Investment  (b) Savings
   (c) Account keeping  (d) Family account

86. A design in which an idea is conceived from nature and modified by artist is
   (a) Naturalistic  (b) Abstract
   (c) Geometric  (d) Stylized

87. To match the architecture of a room, small pieces of furniture can be placed
   (a) At an angle  (b) Parallel to walls
   (c) In a group  (d) And mixed with others

88. The function of a thermostat in electrical heating appliance is
   (a) Heat circulation  (b) Heat regulation
   (c) Heat transfer  (d) Thermal conduction

89. The standard required for maintaining the quality of fruits and vegetable is
   (a) PFA  (b) FPO
   (c) Agmark  (d) Ecomark

90. A favourable work curve is one in which the warming up period is represented by:
   (a) A long sloping line  (b) A steep high line
   (c) A comparatively short line  (d) A plateau

91. The most suitable arrangement for a dining table is
   (a) Line arrangement  (b) Mass arrangement
   (c) Miniature arrangement  (d) Dry arrangement

92. Housing requirement is greatest in the
   (a) Beginning family  (b) Expanding family
   (c) Contracting family  (d) Joint family

93. Positioning of the house in the plot to achieve maximum benefit of natural features is
   (a) Neighbourhood  (b) Orientation
   (c) Circulation  (d) Grouping

94. Satisfaction from the use of resources can be enhanced by
   (a) Improving work method  (b) Use of labour saving devices
   (c) Recognising problems  (d) Increasing supply of resources

95. This arrangement maintains a balance of flowers and foliages all around and leaves no hole
   (a) The crescent  (b) The circular shape
   (c) The fan shape  (d) The pyramid
96. Which of the following Act was amended in December, 1986?
   (a) National Award                (b) Consumer Protection
   (c) The MRTP                      (d) Consumer Legislation

97. Defrosting is adviseable before the deposit is
   (a) ½ “ thick                     (b) ¼ “ thick
   (c) 1” thick                      (d) ¾ “ thick

98. Accessories are placed at the important parts in a room. Because they
   (a) Hold attention                (b) Simplify design
   (c) Unify design                  (d) Create focal point

99. ______________ is the strongest metal
   (a) Stainless steel               (b) Aluminium
   (c) Silver                        (d) Brass

100. This is helpful in finding out and comparing cost:
   (a) Guarantee                     (b) Market survey
    (c) Questionnaire                (d) Standard mark

* * * * * * *