

MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION FOR INSPECTOR
UNDER EXCISE & NARCOTICS DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM
(DECEMBER-2025)

PAPER – III

Time Allowed : 3 hours

FM : 100 PM : 40

PART - A (Multiple Choice Questions) (50 Marks)

All questions carry equal mark of 1 each. Attempt all questions.

*This Section should be answered only on the **OMR Response Sheet** provided.*

1. Classification of seized materials is based on _____.
 - (a) colour and weight of the material.
 - (b) container and mode of concealment.
 - (c) physical properties and results of drugs detection kit.
 - (d) date and time of seizure.
2. Sample of seized material is to be drawn in presence of _____.
 - (a) accused persons.
 - (b) witnesses and accused persons.
 - (c) magistrate.
 - (d) magistrate and accused persons.
3. As per section 11 (1) NDPS Rules 2022, except in cases of opium, ganja and charas (hasish), where a quantity of not less than _____ shall be drawn for each sample, in all other cases not less than five grams shall be drawn for each sample and the same quantity shall be taken for the duplicate sample.
 - (a) twenty grams
 - (b) twenty four grams
 - (c) twenty five grams
 - (d) thirty grams
4. As per section 16 of NDPS Rules 2022, having regard to the hazardous nature, vulnerability of theft, substitution and constraints of proper storage space, all narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances, controlled substances and conveyances, as soon as may be after, shall be disposed of in the manner determined under section _____.
 - (a) 50 A of the Act.
 - (b) 51 A of the Act.
 - (c) 52 A of the Act
 - (d) 53 A of the Act.
5. Punishment for allowing premises, etc to be used for the commission of an offence is mentioned under _____ of NDPS Act.
 - (a) 29
 - (b) 25
 - (c) 25 A
 - (d) 27 A
6. Power to entry, search, seizure and arrest without warrant or authorisation under NDPS Act is mentioned in section _____.
 - (a) 40
 - (b) 41
 - (c) 42
 - (d) 43

7. Charge section under NDPS Act 85 for person possessing intermediate quantity of manufactured drugs and its preparation is _____.
(a) 22 (b) 21 (b)
(c) 23 (b) (d) 20 (b)
8. Every offence punishable under NDPS Act shall be cognizable offence and mentioned in section _____.
(a) 36 (b) 37
(c) 38 (d) 39
9. All offences under NDPS Act which are punishable with imprisonment for a term of more than _____ shall be triable only by the special court.
(a) two years (b) two and a half years
(c) three years (d) five years
10. A man arrested for possession of 10 kgs of ganja shall be charged u/s _____ of NDPS Act.
(a) 20 (b) (i) (b) 20 (b) (ii) (A)
(c) 20 (b) (ii) (B) (d) 20 (b) (ii) (C)
11. Section 20 of NDPS Act mention about the punishment for _____.
(a) financing illicit traffic and harbouring offenders.
(b) abetment and criminal conspiracy.
(c) attempt to commit offences.
(d) consumption of any narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.
12. The expenses of any publication of convicted person in newspaper shall be recoverable from _____ or in such manner as the court may direct.
(a) Excise and Narcotics Department. (b) Law and Judicial Department.
(c) the court. (d) the convicted person.
13. According to PIT NDPS 1988, the person empowered by the state government for detaining certain person be of the level of _____.
(a) Secretary. (b) Deputy Secretary.
(c) Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics. (d) Superintendent of Police.
14. Punishment for wilfully and maliciously giving false information and so causing an arrest or a search being made is _____.
(a) which may extend to 6 months with fine.
(b) which may extend to 2 years or with fine or with both.
(c) which may extend to 3 years with fine.
(d) which may extend to 5 years or with fine or with both.
15. Section _____ of NDPS Act prohibits holding of illegally acquired properties.
(a) 68 E (b) 68 F
(c) 68 C (d) 68 G
16. Punishment for consumption of any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances is mentioned in section _____ of NDPS Act.
(a) 24 (b) 25
(c) 26 (d) 27

17. Punishment for attempts to commit any offence under NDPS Act is _____.
(a) punishment provided for the offence he attempts to commit or attempts to cause it to be committed.
(b) imprisonment up to 2 years with fine or with both.
(c) imprisonment up to 3 years or with fine up to Rs.10,000.
(d) imprisonment up to 1 year or with fine or with both.
18. Power to stop and search conveyance is mentioned in section _____ of NDPS Act.
(a) 42 (b) 43
(c) 49 (d) 49 A
19. Section _____ of NDPS Act mention about the power of seizure and arrest in public place.
(a) 41 (b) 42
(c) 43 (d) 53
20. Any person who has been convicted under this Act and subsequently convicted for the same nature of offence is punishable under section _____ of NDPS Act.
(a) 31 (b) 32
(c) 34 (d) 37
21. As per the notification of the central government, the small quantity and commercial quantity of opium is _____ and _____.
(a) 5 grams and 250 grams (b) 1 kg and 20 kg
(c) 10 grams and 1 kg (d) 25 grams and 25 kg
22. As per rule 3 of NDPS Rules 2022, the classification, weighing, packaging and numbering shall be done in presence of _____.
(a) gazetted officer and the person from whose possession the drugs and substances was recovered.
(b) search witnesses and the person from whose possession the drugs and substances was recovered.
(c) gazetted officer and the search witnesses.
(d) gazetted officer, search witnesses and the person from whose possession the drugs and substances was recovered.
23. The Officer-in-Charge of a godown shall maintain a register of material recovered in the godown in _____.
(a) Form 2 (b) Form 3
(c) Form 4 (d) Form 5
24. Punishment for contravention in relation to psychotropic substances is mentioned in section _____ of NDPS Act.
(a) 18 (b) 20
(c) 21 (d) 22
25. According to the latest notification made by the state government, the small quantity and commercial quantity of liquor is _____.
(a) up to 1 litre and 10 litres and above. (b) up to 750 ml and 5 litres and above.
(c) up to 5 litres and 50 litres and above. (d) up to 10 litres and 50 litres and above.

26. Power of entry, search, seizure and arrest under MLP Act 2019 is mentioned in section _____.
(a) 24 (b) 25
(c) 25 A (d) 26
27. Any person convicted of an offence punishable under any provision of MLP Act and is subsequently convicted is liable to be punished under section _____.
(a) 20 (b) 21
(c) 22 (d) 23
28. Apart from dry days declared by the Commissioner, _____ and _____ shall be dry days.
(a) saturdays and sundays
(b) sundays and national holidays
(c) all government holidays
(d) saturdays, sundays and all government holidays.
29. Under MLP Amendment Act 2025, contravention of section 5(1) (c) manufacture liquor
(d) possess or use or keep for use any material, utensils, implements, apparatus; chemical or compound whatsoever for manufacture of liquor; and
(e) construct any brewery, distillery, winery, bottling plant or ware house, or a such place on conviction shall be punishable with imprisonment _____.
(a) up to 3 years with fine Rs 5,000.
(b) not less than 1 month which may extend to 2 years with fine.
(c) not less than 3 months which may extend to 3 years with fine not less than Rs.5,000 which may extend to Rs.10,000.
(d) not less than 3 months which may extend to 5 years with fine not less than Rs.10,000 which may extend to Rs.1 lakh.
30. Contravention under MLP Amendment Act 2025 involving commercial quantity is punishable under section _____.
(a) 6 (1) and 7 (3) (b) 6 (1)
(c) 7 (3) (d) 6 (3)
31. Penalty for attempt to commit an offence under MLP Act 2019 is mentioned in section _____.
(a) 19 (b) 21
(c) 22 (d) 23
32. Mr.A helped Mr.B in selling liquor. Hence, Mr.A is punishable under section _____ of MLP Act 2019.
(a) 22 (b) 23
(c) 24 (d) 25
33. As provided u/s 43 of MLP Act 2019, who has the power to compound offences?
(a) The Commissioner or any Excise and Narcotics Officer not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner.
(b) The Assistant Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics.
(c) The Commissioner, or any Excise and Narcotics Officer not below the rank of Inspector authorised by the Commissioner.
(d) The Assistant Commissioner and Officer-in-Charge of Excise and Narcotics station.
34. Section _____ of MLP Amendment Act 2025 empower you to stop, rummage and search

conveyance or part thereof.

- (a) 25
- (b) 25 A
- (c) 26
- (d) 27

- 35.** Any officer of the rank of _____ and above in the department of Excise and Narcotics and Police shall have the power of an Officer-in-Charge of Police station for the purpose of investigation and prosecution of offences under MLP Act 2019.
- (a) Assistant Sub-Inspector
 - (b) Sub-Inspector.
 - (c) Inspector.
 - (d) Officer-in-Charge of Excise and Narcotics station.
- 36.** Punishment for vexatious search, seizure and arrest
- (a) imprisonment up to 1 year or with fine.
 - (b) imprisonment up to 3 months or with fine up to Rs 1000 or with both
 - (c) imprisonment up to 6 months or with fine up to Rs 1000 or with both
 - (d) imprisonment up to 3 months with fine up to Rs 1000
- 37.** Liability of confiscation is mentioned in section _____ of MLP Act 2019.
- (a) 41
 - (b) 40
 - (c) 39
 - (d) 43
- 38.** Who has the power to cancel or suspend permit under MLP Amendment Act 2025?
- (a) Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics
 - (b) The state government
 - (c) The Assistant Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics of the concerned district
 - (d) The granting authority
- 39.** Confiscated article which are known to have been of licit origin and not tempered with shall be kept in the custody of Excise and Narcotics which shall be at the disposal of _____.
- (a) the Assistant Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics
 - (b) the Commissioner
 - (c) officer of the rank of Assistant Commissioner and above
 - (d) the Officer-in-Charge of the godown
- 40.** Fortification of grape wine in MLP Rules 2022 means _____.
- (a) filtration and bottling of grape wine
 - (b) process of adding alcohol
 - (c) process of manufacturing fortified grape wine
 - (d) process of decreasing alcoholic strength of the grape wine
- 41.** For prompt disposal of cases and other important matter, the government may delegate any of its power conferred under the Act and rules to _____.
- (a) any officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector
 - (b) any officer not below the rank of Inspector
 - (c) any officer not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner
 - (d) the Officer-in-Charge of Excise and Narcotics Station

42. The Governor of Mizoram assented the Mizoram Liquor (Prohibition) Amendment Act, 2025 on _____.
- (a) 20.2.2025 (b) 12.3.2025
(c) 20.3.2025 (d) 12.2.2025
43. What are the conditions for giving reward according to MLP Amendment Act 2025?
- (i) Informer through written or oral submission.
(ii) Recommendation of concerned Assistant Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics.
(iii) Risk involved during the process of seizure and arrest.
(iv) Outstanding seizure and arrest.
- (a) (ii) & (iii) (b) (i) & (ii)
(c) (ii) & (iv) (d) (i) & (iv)
44. Corresponding section of 360 CrPC, 1973 in BNSS, 2023 is _____.
- (a) section 360 (b) section 365
(c) section 401 (d) section 460
45. License for manufacture, sale and supply of local fruit beer is granted by _____.
- (a) the Commissioner
(b) the Assistant Commissioner of Excise and Narcotics
(c) the Commissioner Secretary of Excise and Narcotics
(d) the Commissioner, with the approval of the state government
46. Any officer making an arrest or seizure under MLP Act 2019 shall, within _____ hours of such seizure and arrest make a full report to his immediate superior.
- (a) 12 (b) 24
(c) 48 (d) 72
47. Any magistrate having the power of the _____ shall try any offense punishable under MLP Act 2019.
- (a) Executive Magistrate of the First Class (b) Judicial Magistrate of the First Class
(c) Chief Judicial Magistrate (d) All of the above
48. The MLP Act 2019 come into force with effect from _____.
- (a) 12.3.2019 (b) 28.5.2019
(c) 23.3.2019 (d) 18.5.2019
49. According to section 25 of MLP Act 2019, if any person resists to the use of breathalyser, _____.
- (a) consumption of alcohol cannot be proved.
(b) he shall be sent to hospital for medical examination.
(c) it shall be presumed that he has consumed liquor and charged accordingly.
(d) it is right to use reasonable force for compliance.
50. Prohibition of publication and display or advertisement of liquor, its use or sale in any form is given in section _____ of MLP Amendment Act 2025.
- (a) 7 (b) 8
(c) 9 (d) 10

PART- B (Conventional Type) (50 Marks)

*This Section should be answered only on the **Answer Sheet** provided.*

Marks for each question is indicated against it.

Attempt all questions.

1. Define: (5×2=10)

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) addict | (b) opium |
| (c) public place | (d) commercial quantity |
| (e) container | |

2. What are the conditions under which search of persons shall be conducted as provided under section 50 of NDPS Act 1985? (4)

3. State the small quantity and commercial quantity for the following as notified by the central government under NDPS Act. (4)

Name	Small Quantity	Commercial Quantity
(a) Heroin	_____	_____
(b) Ganja	_____	_____
(c) Codeine	_____	_____
(d) Methamphetamine	_____	_____

4. What is the difference between narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances? (4)

5. What do you understand by bunching of seized articles under NDPS Rules 2022? (4)

6. What is meant by liquor as per MLP Act 2019? (4)

7. Define the following: (4×2=8)

- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (a) intermediate quantity | (b) Excise and Narcotics station |
| (c) non-distilled alcoholic liquor | (d) breathanalyser |

8. What do you mean by intoxication and nuisance? (4)

9. What is arrest by private person and state the procedure on such arrest? (4)

10. What are the presumption to the commission of an offence under MLP Act 2019? (4)

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