## MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

# COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR LECTURER (VSE) AND VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE OFFICER UNDER DIRECTORATE OF SCERT, SCHOOL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM, FEBRUARY-2025.

# **QUESTION BOOKLET**

Question Booklet Series

B

# GENERAL STUDIES PAPER-II

(Indian Polity, Indian Economy & Geography of India)

Time Allowed: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 200

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, you should check that this question booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items, etc. If so, get it replaced by a complete question booklet of the same series.
- 2. Write and encode clearly the question booklet series A, B, C or D as the case may be in the appropriate place in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 3. Particulars/Details to be filled up in the OMR Answer Sheet should be filled up completely and correctly, OMR Answer Sheet of candidates failing to do so will NOT be evaluated.
- 4. This Question Booklet contains 100 questions carrying 2 marks each. Each item comprises of four responses (answers). Mark the response you want on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 5. You have to mark all your responses only on the separate OMR Response Sheet provided. See directions in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- **6.** After the examination has concluded, you should hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator only. You are permitted to take away with you the Question Booklet.
- 7. Separate sheets for rough work will be provided in the Examination Hall.
- 8. There are no negative marks for incorrect answer.

1.	Whiel	h one of the following rivers drains into Ara	abian Sea	a?
	(a)	Yamuna	(b)	Mahanadi
	(c)	Krishna	(d)	Narmada
2.	The E	astern Ghats join the Western Ghats at-		
	(a)	Palni Hills	(b)	Nilgiri Hills
	(c)	Anaimudi	(d)	Shevroy Hills
3.	Whic	h part of India receives the lowest annual ra	ainfall?	
		Meghalaya		Manipur
	` ′	Jammu and Kashmir	(d)	Ladakh
4.	Whic	h type of forests occupies the highest perc	entage of	f area in India?
		Alpine		Montane
	• •	Tropical deciduous	(d)	Tropical wet evergreen
5	` '	h one of the following communities does NO	T practic	e transhumance?
J.		Gonds		Bakarwals
	` '	Bhotiyas	. ,	Gaddis
	, ,		(4)	
0.		argest speakers of Dravidian language is-	(b)	Malayalam
	` ,	Kannada Tamil	` ,	Telegu
_	` '		. ,	
7.		h of the following states has the highest pop		Tamil Nadu
		Kerala	` ,	Andhra Pradesh
	` '	Karnataka	( )	
8.		e are a large number of hydro-electric proj		
	` '	Perennial rivers are there	` '	There is facility to collect rain water
	• • •	Coal producing areas is far away	` _	There are large number of water-falls
9.		ch of the following states has produced Ric		
	` '	West Bengal	` ′	Uttar Pradesh
	(c)	Punjab	(d)	Tamil Nadu
10.	To w	hich group do the black soils of India belo	ng?	
	(a)	Alluvial	(b)	Chernozem
	(c)	Lateritic	(d)	Podzolic
11.	In Inc	dia, Coffee is mainly cultivated in the-		
	(a)	Northern region	` ,	Southern region
	(c)	Western region	(d)	Northeast region
12.	Whic	ch one of the following oil field is located in	Assam?	,
	(a)	Ankaleshwar	(b)	Kalol
	(c)	Nawagam	(d)	Moran
13.	The i	ron-ore mined at Bailadila in Chhattisgarh	is mostly	<b>/-</b>
	(a)	Hematite	(b)	Magnetite
	(c)	Siderite	(d)	Limonite

14.	Whic	ch of the following industry provides job to the	maxi	mum number of people?		
	(a)	Iron and Steel Industry	(b)	Cotton Textiles		
	(c)	Sugar Industry	(d)	Tea Processing		
15.		port is situated at the head of Gulf of	Kuc	hehh.		
	(a)	Ennore	(b)	Tuticorin		
	(c)	Deendayal (Kandla)	(d)	Haldia		
16.	Whic	ch town in Mizoram is located on the bank of	Кһач	ethlangtuipui River?		
	(a)	Mamit	(b)	Zawlnuam		
	(c)	Siaha	(d)	Tlabung		
17.	Whic	ch of the following railway zones in India carrie	s the	maximum freight traffic?		
	(a)	Eastern	(b)	Western		
	(c)	Northern	(d)	Southern		
18.	Whic	ch one of the following is NOT a part of the de	finiti	on of a town as per the Census of India?		
	(a)	Population density of 400 persons per sq km				
	(b)	Presence of municipality				
	(c)	More than 75% of the population engaged in	prim	ary sector		
	(d)	Population size of more than 5,000 persons				
19.	The	concept of over population is based on the-				
	(a)	Absolute number of people in an area				
	(b)	Density of population in that area				
	(c)	Availability of food in the area				
	(d)	Supporting capacity of the land in terms of va	ried l	human occupations		
20.	The I	Hooghly basin is famous for-				
	(a)	Iron and Steel Industries	(b)	Cotton Industries		
	(c)	Chemical Industries	(d)	Jute Industries		
21.	Whic	ch is the biggest multipurpose project of India	in ter	ms of the total command area?		
	(a)	Nagarjuna Sagar	(b)	Bhakra Nangal		
`	(c)	Damodar	(d)	Krishnaraja Sagar		
22.	Whic	ch mineral belt in India is rich in building materi	als?			
	(a)	North-eastern plateau region	(b)	South-western plateau region		
	(c)	North-western region	(d)	Himalayan region		
23.	Whic	Which is the most widespread type of forest found in India?				
	(a)	Tropical evergreen and semi-evergreen fores	ts(b)	Tropical deciduous forests		
	(c)	Tropical thorn forests	(d)	Montane forests		
24.	The s	summer monsoon winds travel east to west fro	m A	ssam to Punjab because-		
	(a)	The path of the winds is diverted by the Hima	alaya	s		
	(b)	Assam has high pressure whereas Punjab has	s low	pressure		
	(c)	The summer monsoon winds originate in Assa	am			
	(d)	Here the trade wind blows from east to west				

25.	Ankl	eshwar and Kalol are two oil fields in-		
	(a)	Assam	(b)	Gujarat
	(c)	Maharashtra	(d)	Rajasthan
26.	Gand	lhi led three major pan-Indian movements li against British Rule.	ike N	Ion-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and
	(a)	Jai Hind	(b)	Anti-British
	(c)	Anti-India	(d)	Quit India
27.	Who	was known as the "Father of Indian Renaissan	nce"	?
	(a)	Raja Rammohan Roy	(b)	M N Roy
	(c)	Rabindra Tagore	(d)	Swami Vivekanand
28.	Jawa	harlal Nehru was the major advocate of Plann	ing a	and
	(a)	Industrialization	(b)	Agriculture
	(c)	Village Economy	(d)	Service sector
29.	Why	did Mahatma Gandhi suspend the Non-Coope	eratio	on Movement in 1922?
	(a)	Repression by the British government		
	(b)	Internal divisions within the Congress		
	(c)	The Chauri Chaura incident involving violence	e	
	(d)	Limited support from rural areas		
30.	B.R.	Ambedkar's Political Philosophy focused on:		
	(a)	Nationalism rooted in Vedic traditions		
	(b)	Annihilation of caste and the assertion of Dali	t righ	nts
	(c)	Gandhian non-violence as a means of social of	chang	ge
	(d)	Marxist economic redistribution		
31.	Wha	t is the central concept of M.N. Roy's Radical	Hum	nanism?
	(a)	Non-cooperation with colonial regimes		
	(b)	Spiritual nationalism		
	(c)	Class struggle as the basis for revolution		
	(d)	Emphasis on individual freedom beyond polit	ical i	deologies
32.	Nehr	ru's approach to planning for India's developme	ent w	as primarily influenced by:
	(a)	Gandhian village economy	(b)	Free-market capitalism
	(c)	Soviet-style centralized planning	(d)	Integral humanism
33.	India	n Constitution was adopted in the Constituen	t Ass	embly on
	(a)	26/1/1950	(b)	26/11/1950
	(c)	26/11/1949	(d)	26/1/1949
34.	Rajy	a Sabha has got equal powers like the Lok Sa	bha i	n the matter of
	(a)	creating new all India service	(b)	amending the constitution
	(c)	removal of government	(d)	making cut motion
35.	All N	Members of Parliament alone elect the		
	(a)	Vice President	(b)	President
	(c)	Prime Minister	(d)	Chief Justice

36.	What	sort of matters is raised during 'zero hour' i	n the P	arliament?
	(a)	Matters of no importance	(b)	Matters of utmost importance
	(c)	Financial matters	(d)	Constitutional matters
37.	The I	Parliament of India can make use of the resid	duary p	oowers
	(a)	On the request of a state		
	(b)	During national emergency as well as const	itution	al emergency as well in a state
	(c)	Only during national emergency		
	(d)	At all times		
38.	The p	oresent Preamble of the Indian constitution	nakes	India
	(a)	A sovereign, socialist and democratic repub	lic	
	(b)	A sovereign, socialist, secular and democra	tic rep	ublic
	(c)	A sovereign republic with a socialist pattern	n of soc	eiety
	(d)	A socialist, secular and democratic republic	:	
39.	Gove	ernor acts on the aid and advice of the		
	(a)	Chief Minister	(b)	Prime Minister
	(c)	Home Minister	(d)	State Council of Ministers
40.	Vice	President of India presides over the		Sessions.
	(a)	Parliament	(b)	Lok Sabha
	(c)	Rajya Sabha	(d)	Cabinet
41.	Whic	ch one is not a Constitutional body?		
	(a)	Finance Commission	(b)	Election Commission
	(c)	CAG	(d)	NDC
42.	Whic	ch institution is not a Local Self Government?	•	
	(a)	Panchayati Raj	(b)	Municipal Council
	(c)	Municipal Corporation	(d)	Zonal Council
43.	How	many members of the Constituent Assembly	signe	d the Constitution of India?
	(a)	284	(b)	294
	(c)	274	(d)	244
44.	Whic	ch of the following is NOT a feature of the In-	dian Co	onstitution?
	(a)	Written constitution	(b)	Federalism
	(c)	Sovereignty of Parliament	(d)	Judicial Review
45.		ch one of the following rights has been descrititution?	ibed by	Dr. Ambedkar as 'The heart and soul of the
	(a)	Right of Equality	(b)	Right to freedom
	(c)	Right to property	(d)	Right to Constitutional Remedies
46.	What	t does the term 'Union of States' in the Indian	n Const	titution signify?
	(a)	A Federal Government	(b)	An Indestructible Union
	(c)	A Quasi-Federal System	(d)	Sovereign Equality of States
47.	Who	described the Indian federal system as 'qua	si-fede	ral'?
	(a)	Granville Austin	(b)	K.C. Wheare
	(c)	Ivor Jennings	(d)	A.V. Dicey

48.	Whic	ch Article empowers the Supreme Court to r	eview i	ts own judgments or orders?
	(a)	Article 137	(b)	Article 138
	(c)	Article 139	(d)	Article 140
49.		ch Article grants the Union Parliament the p in conditions?	ower to	legislate on matters in the State List under
	(a)	Article 248	(b)	Article 249
	(c)	Article 250	(d)	Article 251
<b>50.</b>	Whic	ch case established the doctrine of 'Basic Str	ucture'	of the Constitution?
	(a)	Minerva Mills Case	(b)	Kesavananda Bharati Case
	(c)	Golaknath Case	(d)	Indira Gandhi Case
51.	The I	Election Commission of India does not hold	election	n for
	(a)	The Parliament		
	(b)	State Legislative Assemblies		
	(c)	Municipalities and the Panchayati Raj Instit	utions	
	(d)	President and Vice-President		
52.		aids protection of Constitutiona	l provis	sions from the government assaults.
	(a)	Judicial Review	(b)	Judicial Activism
	(c)	Judicial Power	(d)	Judicial Silence
53.	Eight	th Schedule of the Constitution of India is re	lated to	)
	(a)	Municipality	(b)	Panchayati Raj
	(c)	Languages	(d)	Religion
54.		the 74 <sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act in 19gthened?	992, wh	nich institutions had become constitutionally
	(a)	Municipalities	(b)	Panchayat Raj
	(c)	Planning Commission	(d)	NITI Aayog
55.	Cons	stitutional Reservations are provided to SCs	and ST	Ts in proportion to their
	(a)	Population size	(b)	Deprivation status
	(c)	Economic Demands	(d)	Social Backwardness
56.		ording to the Global Data Lab,an Development Index in India.		is the top-ranking state in the context of
	(a)	Mizoram	(b)	Kerala
	(c)	UP	(d)	MP
57.	Whic	ch of the following movements is an example	of region	onalism in India?
	(a)	Quit India Movement	(b)	Telangana Movement
	(c)	Non-Cooperation Movement	(d)	Green Revolution
58.		92 <sup>nd</sup> Amendment Act of the Indian Constitut th Schedule?	ion add	led which of the following languages to the
	(a)	Urdu	(b)	Bodo
	(c)	Hindi	(d)	Sanskrit
<b>59.</b>	Whic	ch Constitutional provision upholds secularis	m in Inc	dia?
	(a)	Article 14	(b)	Article 15
	(c)	Article 25	(d)	Article 30

ov.	W III	en initiative was faunched to promote national i	ntegi	ration and cultural diversity in India?
	(a)	Swachh Bharat Abhiyan	(b)	Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat
	(c)	Digital India Programme	(d)	Make in India
61.	The t	term 'first-past-the-post' system in election is a	assoc	iated with which of the following?
	(a)	Simple majority system	(b)	Preferential voting
	(c)	Proportional representation	(d)	Single transferable vote
62.	Natio	onal Policy for persons with disabilities was fra	amed	in the year
	(a)	2005	(b)	2006
	(c)	2007	(d)	2008
63.	or in	relopment Administration is a process for carrying dustry or capital infrastructure supporting eice of the state." Who has given this statement?	ther	
	(a)	Edward Weidner	(b)	J.D. Montgomery
	(c)	F.W. Riggs	(d)	U.L. Goswami
64.	Natio	onal Income in India is estimated by-		
	(a)	Finance Commission	(b)	Indian Statistical Institute
	(c)	Central Statistical Organization	(d)	Finance Commission
65.	NAB	SARD was established on the recommendation	of-	
	(a)	Narashimham Committee	(b)	Shivaraman Committee
	(c)	Public Accounts Committee	(d)	None of the above
66.	The S	Second Industrial Policy Resolution was passed	in th	e Parliament in which of the following year?
	` '	1963	` ′	1956
	` ′	1958	(d)	1955
67.		ele 113 of the Constitution is related to-		
	• •	Appropriation Bill	` ′	Finance Bill
	(c)	Demand for Grants	(d)	None of these
68.	_	get Deficit means-		
		Fiscal Deficit – Interest Payment	_	
		Revenue Receipts + Capital Receipts - Total	Expe	enditure
		Total Expenditure – Total Receipts  Payanya Expenditure – Payanya Pagainta		
<b>60</b>		Revenue Expenditure – Revenue Receipts		
09.		n Revolution in India mainly related to-	(L)	Ti.l.
	` '	Oilseed		Fish Non-Conventional Engrave Courses
<b>#</b> ^		Foodgrains	(a)	Non-Conventional Energy Sources
70.		1st Five Year Plan period was-	<i>(</i> 1-)	1051 1057
	. ,	1950 – 1955 1955 – 1960	• •	1951 – 1956
<b>#</b> 4	` ′		` ′	1956 – 1961
/1.		<sup>st</sup> Plan Holiday in independent India covered	-	
	` '	1966 – 1969 1964 – 1968		1965 – 1968 1965 – 1969
		— — . 7.1/3		

72.	Whic	h of the following monetary measures has the h	ighes	st liquidity?
	(a)	Land	(b)	Currency
	(c)	Debenture	(d)	Gold
73.	Whic	h one of the following is an important measure	of 'S	Sterilization' under Reserve Bank of India?
	(a)	Open Market Operations		
	(b)	Regulating functions of Non-Banking Financia	d Ins	titution
	(c)	Increase in the Cash Reserve Ratio		
	(d)	Decrease in the Statutory Liquidity Ratio		
74.	Selec	et the incorrect answer:		
	(a)	Land Development Bank - Short Term Loans	3	
	(b)	State Co-operative Banks - Short Term Loan	าร	
	(c)	NABARD – Rural Infrastructure Developmen	nt Fu	nd
	(d)	Regional Rural Banks - Loan to BPL		
75.	Whic	ch of the following defines depreciation?		
	(a)	Destruction of a plant in a fire accident		
	(b)	Loss of equipment over time due to wear and	l tear	•
	(c)	Closure of a plant due to labour trouble		
	(d)	Closure of a plant due to lockout		
76.	With	which of the following did the ARDC merged	with	on 12 July, 1982?
	(a)	NABARD	(b)	EXIM Bank
	(c)	RBI	(d)	None of these
77.	Bala	nce of Payments is an accounting statement th	at rec	cords monetary transactions between -
	(a)	Residents of a nation and the rest of the worl	d	
	(b)	Non-residents and the rest of the world		
	(c)	Residents of a nation and non-residents		
	(d)	None of the above		
<b>78.</b>	Whic	ch of the following indicates the performance of	`vari	ous industrial sectors of the Indian economy?
	(a)	Index of Industrial Production	(b)	Purchasing Managers Index
	(c)	Wholesale Price Index	(d)	All of these
<b>79.</b>	The	primary sector within a country for the calculat	ion o	of National Income includes -
		Small scale industries		Retail trading
	(c)	Agriculture	(d)	All of these
80.	Impo	ort and export of goods are known as		<u>.</u> :
	-	Nominal trade		Invisible trade
	(c)	Visible trade	(d)	None of these
81.	` '	cy that deals with the taxation and expenditure	deci	sions of the Government is-
		Monetary Policy		Labour market Policies
	` .	Trade Policy	(d)	Fiscal Policy
	` /	•		

82.	Whi	Which of the following statement is correct?				
	(a) India is the largest producer of sugar in the world					
	(b)	(b) India is the largest exporter of Jute in the world				
	(c)	India is the largest producer of silk in the wor	rld			
	(d)	India is the largest producer of cement in the	wor	ld		
83.	The	Goods and Service Tax (GST) has been imple	men	ted from -		
	(a)	July 1, 2018	(b)	October 1, 2018		
	(c)	July 1, 2017	(d)	October 1, 2017		
84.		Union Cabinet chaired by the Prime Minister ning till the end of -	rece	ntly launched National Mission on Natural		
	(a)	16th Finance Commission	(b)	15th Finance Commission		
	(c)	17th Finance Commission	(d)	None of these		
85.	Whi	ch of the following Committee is related to pov	erty	study?		
	(a)	Tendulkar	(b)	Vijay Kelkar		
	(c)	R.V Easwar	(d)	Chelliah		
86.	Silve	er Revolution relates to-				
	(a)	Petroleum	(b)	Egg/Poultry		
	(c)	Fertilizer	(d)	Cotton		
87.	In In	dia, 100% FDI is permitted in which of the foll	owir	ng sector?		
	(a)	Telecom sector	(b)	Insurance		
	(c)	Banking	(d)	Power exchange		
88.	National Development Council was constituted in the year -					
	(a)	1948	(b)	1950		
	(c)	1952	(d)	1949		
89.	Who	has fixed the Minimum Support Price for crop	s?			
	(a) Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs					
	(b)	Commission for Agriculture Cost and Prices				
		NITI Aayog				
	(d)	Parliament				
90.		ch of the following is not credit rating agencies?	•			
	` '	CRISIL	` ′	ICRA		
	• •	CARE	` /	IDBI		
91.		ch of the following is not a credit control object				
		To achieve stability in the Country's currency		•		
		Controlling the business cycle and meeting th	e nee	eds of the company.		
	(c)	To achieve price stability.				
	(d)	To meet financial obligations during a down				
92.		Revolution was first launched in India during w				
	` ′	5 <sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan	` '	6th Five Year Plan		
	(c)	7 <sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan	(d)	8th Five Year Plan		

93.	Econ	omic Survey is published by-		
	(a)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Impleme	entat	ion
	(b)	NITI Aayog		
	(c)	Ministry of Finance		
	(d)	Ministry of Information & Broadcasting		
94.	The	concept of Five-Year plans in the Constitution	of In	dia is borrowed from-
	(a)	Russia	(b)	England
	(c)	The United States	(d)	Germany
95.	Whic	ch one of the following statement is not correct	?	
	(a)	The reverse REPO rate is the rate at which the	ne RI	BI borrows.
		The REPO and reverse REPO are instrument Market.		
		A REPO is a sale and repurchase of the same		
	(d)	A REPO rate is the rate at which the comme	rcial	banks borrow from the Central Bank.
96.	The	difference between Gross National Product an	d De	preciation is equal to-
	(a)	Net National Product	(b)	Net Domestic at market price
	(c)	Net National Product at factor cost	(d)	Net Value Added
97.	One	of the problems of India's Foreign Trade is-		
	(a)	Payment of import in rupees	(b)	Increasing quantity of exports
	(c)	Unfavourable terms of trade	(d)	None of these
98.	Whe	n was the Planning Commission set up?		
	(a)	2000	(b)	2019
	(c)	1947	(d)	1950
99.	Whi	ch of the following are included in the first phas	se of	land reforms in India?
	(a)	Abolition of intermediaries	(b)	Ceiling on size of holdings
	(c)	Green Revolution	(d)	Both (a) & (b)
100.	Whi	ch of the following is not the work of the legisla	iture'	?
	(a)	Making law	(b)	Budgeting
	(c)	Passing of Budget	(d)	Control on the executive

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