MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Combined Competitive Examination for Lecturer (VSE) and Vocational Guidance Officer under Directorate of SCERT, School Education Department, Government of Mizoram, February-2025.

QUESTION BOOKLET

Question Booklet Series

GENERAL STUDIES PAPER-II

(Indian Polity, Indian Economy & Geography of India)

Time Allowed: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS

- Immediately after the commencement of the examination, you should check that this question booklet does
 not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items, etc. If so, get it replaced by a complete question
 booklet of the same series.
- 2. Write and encode clearly the question booklet series A, B, C or D as the case may be in the appropriate place in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 3. <u>Particulars/Details to be filled up in the OMR Answer Sheet should be filled up completely and correctly, OMR Answer Sheet of candidates failing to do so will NOT be evaluated.</u>
- **4.** This Question Booklet contains 100 questions carrying 2 marks each. Each item comprises of four responses (answers). Mark the response you want on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 5. You have to mark all your responses only on the separate OMR Response Sheet provided. See directions in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- **6.** After the examination has concluded, you should hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator only. You are permitted to take away with you the Question Booklet.
- 7. Separate sheets for rough work will be provided in the Examination Hall.
- 8. There are no negative marks for incorrect answer.

1.	Natio	onal Income in India is estimated by-				
	(a)	Finance Commission	(b)	Indian Statistical Institute		
	(c)	Central Statistical Organization	(d)	Finance Commission		
2.	NAB	ARD was established on the recommendation	of-			
	(a)	Narashimham Committee	(b)	Shivaraman Committee		
	(c)	Public Accounts Committee	(d)	None of the above		
3.	The S	Second Industrial Policy Resolution was passed	in th	e Parliament in which of the following year?		
	(a)	1963	(b)	1956		
	(c)	1958	(d)	1955		
4.	Artic	le 113 of the Constitution is related to-				
	(a)	Appropriation Bill	(b)	Finance Bill		
	(c)	Demand for Grants	(d)	None of these		
5.	Budg	et Deficit means-				
	(a)	Fiscal Deficit – Interest Payment				
	(b)	Revenue Receipts + Capital Receipts - Total	Expe	enditure		
	(c)	Total Expenditure - Total Receipts				
	(d)	Revenue Expenditure – Revenue Receipts				
6.	Green	n Revolution in India mainly related to-				
	(a)	Oilseed	(b)	Fish		
	(c)	Foodgrains	(d)	Non-Conventional Energy Sources		
7.	The 1	st Five Year Plan period was-				
	(a)	1950 – 1955	(b)	1951 – 1956		
	(c)	1955 – 1960	(d)	1956 – 1961		
8.	The 1	st Plan Holiday in independent India covered	the p	eriod -		
	(a)	1966 – 1969	(b)	1965 – 1968		
	(c)	1964 – 1968	(d)	1965 – 1969		
9.	Whic	ch of the following monetary measures has the h	nighe	st liquidity?		
	(a)	Land	(b)	Currency		
	(c)	Debenture	(d)	Gold		
10.	Whic	ch one of the following is an important measure	of'S	Sterilization' under Reserve Bank of India?		
	(a)	Open Market Operations				
	(b)	Regulating functions of Non-Banking Financia	al Ins	titution		
	(c)	Increase in the Cash Reserve Ratio				
	(d)	Decrease in the Statutory Liquidity Ratio				
11.	Selec	et the incorrect answer:				
	(a)	Land Development Bank – Short Term Loan	S			
	(b)	State Co-operative Banks – Short Term Loa	ns			
	(c)	$NABARD-Rural\ Infrastructure\ Developme$	nt Fu	nd		
	(d) Regional Rural Banks - Loan to BPL					

12.	Whic	th of the following defines depreciation?		
	(a)	Destruction of a plant in a fire accident		
	(b)	Loss of equipment over time due to wear and	l tear	
	(c)	Closure of a plant due to labour trouble		
	(d)	Closure of a plant due to lockout		
13.	With	which of the following did the ARDC merged	with	on 12 July, 1982?
	(a)	NABARD	(b)	EXIM Bank
	(c)	RBI	(d)	None of these
14.	Balar	nce of Payments is an accounting statement that	at rec	ords monetary transactions between -
	(a)	Residents of a nation and the rest of the world	d	
	(b)	Non-residents and the rest of the world		
	` '	Residents of a nation and non-residents		
	(d)	None of the above		
15.	Whic	th of the following indicates the performance of	vario	ous industrial sectors of the Indian economy?
	(a)	Index of Industrial Production	` .	Purchasing Managers Index
	(c)	Wholesale Price Index	(d)	All of these
16.	The p	orimary sector within a country for the calculat	ion o	f National Income includes -
	(a)	Small scale industries	(b)	Retail trading
	(c)	Agriculture	(d)	All of these
17.	Impo	ort and export of goods are known as		,
	(a)	Nominal trade	(b)	Invisible trade
	(c)	Visible trade	(d)	None of these
18.	Polic	y that deals with the taxation and expenditure	decis	ions of the Government is-
	(a)	Monetary Policy	(b)	Labour market Policies
	(c)	Trade Policy	(d)	Fiscal Policy
19.	Whic	ch of the following statement is correct?		
	(a)	India is the largest producer of sugar in the w	orld	
	(b)	India is the largest exporter of Jute in the wor	:ld	
	` ,	India is the largest producer of silk in the wor		4
	(d)	India is the largest producer of cement in the	work	d
20.	The	Goods and Service Tax (GST) has been imple		
	` .	July 1, 2018	` '	October 1, 2018
	(c)	July 1, 2017	(d)	October 1, 2017
21.		Union Cabinet chaired by the Prime Minister	recei	ntly launched National Mission on Natural
		ning till the end of	75.5	15th D' C''
	` `	16 th Finance Commission	` '	15th Finance Commission
	` `	17th Finance Commission	. ,	None of these
22.		ch of the following Committee is related to pov	_	
	. ,	Tendulkar	` '	Vijay Kelkar
	(c)	R.V Easwar	(a)	Chelliah

23.	Silve	r Revolution relates to-		
	(a)	Petroleum	(b)	Egg/ Poultry
	(c)	Fertilizer	(d)	Cotton
24.	In In	dia, 100% FDI is permitted in which of the follo	owin	g sector?
	(a)	Telecom sector	(b)	Insurance
	(c)	Banking	(d)	Power exchange
25.	Natio	onal Development Council was constituted in t	he ye	ear -
	(a)	1948	(b)	1950
	(c)	1952	(d)	1949
26.	Who	has fixed the Minimum Support Price for crop	s?	
	(a)	Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs		
	(b)	Commission for Agriculture Cost and Prices		
	` ′	NITI Aayog		
	(d)	Parliament		
27.	Whic	ch of the following is not credit rating agencies?	ı	
	(a)	CRISIL	(b)	ICRA
	(c)	CARE	(d)	IDBI
28.	Whic	ch of the following is not a credit control object	ive c	of RBI?
	(a)	To achieve stability in the Country's currency	rate	and money market.
	(b)	Controlling the business cycle and meeting th	e nee	eds of the company.
	(c)	To achieve price stability.		
	(d)	To meet financial obligations during a down	turn	in the economy as well as in regular times.
29.	Blue	Revolution was first launched in India during w		_
	` ′	5th Five Year Plan	` '	6 th Five Year Plan
	(c)	7 th Five Year Plan	(d)	8th Five Year Plan
30.	Econ	omic Survey is published by-		
	(a)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Impleme	entat	ion
	. ,	NITI Aayog		
	` '	Ministry of Finance		
	(d)	Ministry of Information & Broadcasting		
31.		concept of Five-Year plans in the Constitution		
	` '	Russia		England
	(c)	The United States	(d)	Germany
32.	Whi	ch one of the following statement is not correct		
	(a)			
	(b)	The REPO and reverse REPO are instrumed Market.	nts u	sed by the RBI to regulate liquidity in the
	(c)	A REPO is a sale and repurchase of the same	seci	rities between two parties.
	(d)	A REPO rate is the rate at which the comme	rcial	banks borrow from the Central Bank.
33.	The	difference between Gross National Product an	d De	preciation is equal to-
	(a)	Net National Product	` -	Net Domestic at market price
	(c)	Net National Product at factor cost	(d)	Net Value Added

34.	One	of the problems of India's Foreign Trade is-		
	(a)	Payment of import in rupees	(b)	Increasing quantity of exports
	(c)	Unfavourable terms of trade	(d)	None of these
35.	Whe	n was the Planning Commission set up?		
	(a)	2000	(b)	2019
	(c)	1947	(d)	1950
36.	Whic	ch of the following are included in the first phas	se of	land reforms in India?
	(a)	Abolition of intermediaries	(b)	Ceiling on size of holdings
	(c)	Green Revolution	(d)	Both (a) & (b)
37.	Whic	ch of the following is not the work of the legisla	ture'	?
	(a)	Making law	(b)	Budgeting
	(c)	Passing of Budget	(d)	Control on the executive
38.	Whic	ch one of the following rivers drains into Arabia	an Se	a?
	(a)	Yamuna	(b)	Mahanadi
	(c)	Krishna	(d)	Narmada
39.	The	Eastern Ghats join the Western Ghats at-		
	(a)	Palni Hills	(b)	Nilgiri Hills
	(c)	Anaimudi	(d)	Shevroy Hills
40.	Whic	ch part of India receives the lowest annual rainf	all?	
	(a)	Meghalaya	(b)	Manipur
	(c)	Jammu and Kashmir	(d)	Ladakh
41.	Whic	ch type of forests occupies the highest percenta	age o	f area in India?
	(a)	Alpine	(b)	Montane
÷	(c)	Tropical deciduous	(d)	Tropical wet evergreen
42.	Whic	ch one of the following communities does NOT pa	ractio	e transhumance?
	(a)	Gonds	(b)	Bakarwals
	(c)	Bhotiyas	(d)	Gaddis
43.	The l	argest speakers of Dravidian language is-		
	(a)	Kannada	(b)	Malayalam
	(c)	Tamil	(d)	Telegu
44.	Whic	ch of the following states has the highest popula	ation	density?
	(a)	Kerala	(b)	Tamil Nadu
	(c)	Karnataka	(d)	Andhra Pradesh
45.	Ther	e are a large number of hydro-electric projects	s in S	outh India, because-
	(a)	Perennial rivers are there	(b)	There is facility to collect rain water
	(c)	Coal producing areas is far away	(d)	There are large number of water-falls
46.	Whic	ch of the following states has produced Rice aft	ter th	e Green Revolution only?
	(a)	West Bengal	(b)	Uttar Pradesh
	(c)	Punjab	(d)	Tamil Nadu

47.	To wh	ich group do the black soils of India belong?		
	(a)	Alluvial	(b)	Chernozem
-	(c)	Lateritic	(d)	Podzolic
48.	In Ind	ia, Coffee is mainly cultivated in the-		
	(a)	Northern region	(b)	Southern region
	(c)	Western region	(d)	Northeast region
49.	Which	h one of the following oil field is located in Ass	sam?	
	(a)	Ankaleshwar	(b)	Kalol
	(c)	Nawagam	(d)	Moran
50.	The in	on-ore mined at Bailadila in Chhattisgarh is m	ostly	-
	(a)	Hematite	(b)	Magnetite
	(c)	Siderite	(d)	Limonite
51.	Whic	h of the following industry provides job to the	maxi	mum number of people?
	(a)	Iron and Steel Industry	(b)	Cotton Textiles
	(c)	Sugar Industry	(d)	Tea Processing
52.		port is situated at the head of Gulf of	Kuc	hehh.
	(a)	Ennore	(b)	Tuticorin
	(c)	Deendayal (Kandla)	(d)	Haldia
53.	Whic	h town in Mizoram is located on the bank of	Khaw	othlangtuipui River?
	(a)	Mamit	(b)	Zawlnuam
	(c)	Siaha	(d)	Tlabung
54.	Whic	h of the following railway zones in India carrie	s the	maximum freight traffic?
	(a)	Eastern	(b)	Western
	(c)	Northern	(d)	Southern
55.	Whic	h one of the following is NOT a part of the de	finiti	on of a town as per the Census of India
	(a)	Population density of 400 persons per sq km		
	(b)	Presence of municipality		
	(c)	More than 75% of the population engaged in	prim	nary sector
	(d)	Population size of more than 5,000 persons		
56.	The	concept of over population is based on the-		
	(a)	Absolute number of people in an area		
	(b)	Density of population in that area		
	` '	Availability of food in the area		
	(d)	Supporting capacity of the land in terms of va	ried i	human occupations
57.		Hooghly basin is famous for-		
		Iron and Steel Industries	` ′	Cotton Industries
	. ,	Chemical Industries	(d)	
58.	Whic	ch is the biggest multipurpose project of India		
		Nagarjuna Sagar	` ′	Bhakra Nangal
	(c)	Damodar	(d)	Krishnaraja Sagar

59.	Whie	ch mineral belt in India is rich in building mater	ials?			
	(a)	North-eastern plateau region	(b)	South-western plateau region		
	(c)	North-western region	(d)	Himalayan region		
60.	Whic	ch is the most widespread type of forest found	in In	dia?		
	(a)	Tropical evergreen and semi-evergreen fores	ts(b)	Tropical deciduous forests		
	(c)	Tropical thorn forests	(d)	Montane forests		
61.	The	summer monsoon winds travel east to west fro	om A	ssam to Punjab because-		
	(a) The path of the winds is diverted by the Himalayas					
	(b)	Assam has high pressure whereas Punjab ha	s low	pressure		
	(c)	The summer monsoon winds originate in Assa	am			
	(d)	Here the trade wind blows from east to west				
62.	Ankl	eshwar and Kalol are two oil fields in-				
	(a)	Assam	(b)	Gujarat		
	(c)	Maharashtra	(d)	Rajasthan		
63.	Gano	lhi led three major pan-Indian movements l	ike N	on-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and		
		against British Rule.		•		
	(a)	Jai Hind	(b)	Anti-British		
	(c)	Anti-India	(d)	Quit India		
64.	Who	was known as the "Father of Indian Renaissa	nce"	?		
	(a)	Raja Rammohan Roy	(b)	M N Roy		
	(c)	Rabindra Tagore	(d)	Swami Vivekanand		
65.	Jawa	harlal Nehru was the major advocate of Plans	ning a	and		
	(a)	Industrialization	(b)	Agriculture		
	(c)	Village Economy	(d)	Service sector		
66.	Why	did Mahatma Gandhi suspend the Non-Coop	eratio	on Movement in 1922?		
	(a)	Repression by the British government				
	(b)	Internal divisions within the Congress				
	(c)	The Chauri Chaura incident involving violence	e			
	(d)	Limited support from rural areas				
67.	B.R.	Ambedkar's Political Philosophy focused on:				
	(a)	Nationalism rooted in Vedic traditions				
	(b)	Annihilation of caste and the assertion of Dali	it righ	ats		
	(c)	Gandhian non-violence as a means of social of	hang	e		
	(d)	Marxist economic redistribution				
68.	What	is the central concept of M.N. Roy's Radical	Hum	anism?		
	(a)	Non-cooperation with colonial regimes				
	(b)	Spiritual nationalism				
	(c)	Class struggle as the basis for revolution				
	(d)	Emphasis on individual freedom beyond polit	ical ic	leologies		
69.	Nehr	u's approach to planning for India's developme	ent w	as primarily influenced by:		
	(a)	Gandhian village economy	(b)	Free-market capitalism		
	(c)	Soviet-style centralized planning	(d)	Integral humanism		

70.	India	n Constitution was adopted in the Constituent	Asse	mbly on
	(a)	26/1/1950	(b)	26/11/1950
	(c)	26/11/1949	(d)	26/1/1949
71.	Rajya	a Sabha has got equal powers like the Lok Sal	ha ii	n the matter of
		creating new all India service		amending the constitution
	(c)	removal of government	(d)	making cut motion
72.	All M	fembers of Parliament alone elect the		
		Vice President	(b)	President
	(c)	Prime Minister	(d)	Chief Justice
73.	• •	sort of matters is raised during 'zero hour' in	he Pa	arliament?
		Matters of no importance		Matters of utmost importance
	, ,	Financial matters	(d)	Constitutional matters
74.	The I	Parliament of India can make use of the residu	ary p	owers
		On the request of a state	• ,	
		During national emergency as well as constitu	tiona	al emergency as well in a state
		Only during national emergency		
	(d)	At all times		
75.	The	present Preamble of the Indian constitution ma	ikes l	ndia
	_	A sovereign, socialist and democratic republic		
	(b)	A sovereign, socialist, secular and democratic	repu	ıblic
	(c)	A sovereign republic with a socialist pattern of	of soc	eiety
	(d)	A socialist, secular and democratic republic		
76.	Gove	ernor acts on the aid and advice of the		
	(a)	Chief Minister	(b)	Prime Minister
	(c)	Home Minister	(d)	State Council of Ministers
77.	Vice	President of India presides over the		Sessions.
	(a)	Parliament	(b)	Lok Sabha
	(c)	Rajya Sabha	(d)	Cabinet
78.	Whic	ch one is not a Constitutional body?		
	(a)	Finance Commission	(b)	Election Commission
	(c)	CAG	(d)	NDC
79.	Whic	ch institution is not a Local Self Government?		
	(a)	Panchayati Raj	(b)	Municipal Council
	(c)	Municipal Corporation	(d)	Zonal Council
80.	How	many members of the Constituent Assembly s	igne	d the Constitution of India?
	(a)	284	(b)	294
	(c)	274	(d)	244
81.	Whi	ch of the following is NOT a feature of the Indi	an C	onstitution?
		Written constitution		Federalism
	(c)	Sovereignty of Parliament	(d)	Judicial Review

82.	Which one of the following rights has been described by Dr. Ambedkar as 'The heart and soul of the Constitution'?			
		Right of Equality	(b)	Right to freedom
	• •	Right to property		Right to Constitutional Remedies
83.	Wha	t does the term 'Union of States' in the Indian		•
		A Federal Government		An Indestructible Union
	` '	A Quasi-Federal System	• •	Sovereign Equality of States
84.	Who	described the Indian federal system as 'quasi		
		Granville Austin		K.C. Wheare
	(c)	Ivor Jennings	(d)	A.V. Dicey
85.	Whi	ch Article empowers the Supreme Court to rev	iew i	its own judgments or orders?
		Article 137		Article 138
	(c)	Article 139	(d)	Article 140
86.	Whi	ch Article grants the Union Parliament the pov	ver to	legislate on matters in the State List under
		in conditions?		
	(a)	Article 248	(b)	Article 249
	(c)	Article 250	(d)	Article 251
87.	Whi	ch case established the doctrine of 'Basic Struc	ture'	of the Constitution?
	(a)	Minerva Mills Case	(b)	Kesavananda Bharati Case
	(c)	Golaknath Case	(d)	Indira Gandhi Case
88.	The l	Election Commission of India does not hold ele	ection	n for
	(a)	The Parliament		
	(b)	State Legislative Assemblies		
		Municipalities and the Panchayati Raj Institut	ions	
	(d)	President and Vice-President		
89.		aids protection of Constitutional p	rovis	sions from the government assaults.
	` '	Judicial Review		Judicial Activism
	(c)	Judicial Power	(d)	Judicial Silence
90.	Eigh	th Schedule of the Constitution of India is rela	ted to	
	` '	Municipality		Panchayati Raj
	• •	Languages		Religion
91.		the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act in 199	2, wh	ich institutions had become constitutionally
		gthened?	71.5	Post location !
		Municipalities Planning Commission	, ,	Panchayat Raj
00	` `	Planning Commission	` ′	NITI Aayog
92.		titutional Reservations are provided to SCs a		
		Population size		Deprivation status
0.0	` ,	Economic Demands	` `	Social Backwardness
y 3.		ording to the Global Data Lab,an Development Index in India.		is the top-ranking state in the context of
		Mizoram	(b)	Kerala
	` ′	UP	` '	MP

94.	. Which of the following movements is an example of regionalism in India?			
	(a)	Quit India Movement	(b)	Telangana Movement
	(c)	Non-Cooperation Movement	(d)	Green Revolution
95.		92 nd Amendment Act of the Indian Constitutio th Schedule?	n add	led which of the following languages to the
	_	Urdu	(b)	Bodo
	` '	Hindi	(d)	Sanskrit
96.	Whic	ch Constitutional provision upholds secularism	in Inc	lia?
	(a)	Article 14	(b)	Article 15
	(c)	Article 25	(d)	Article 30
97.	Whi	ch initiative was launched to promote national i	ntegr	ation and cultural diversity in India?
		Swachh Bharat Abhiyan		Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat
	(c)	Digital India Programme	(d)	Make in India
98.	The	term 'first-past-the-post' system in election is a	issoci	iated with which of the following?
		Simple majority system		Preferential voting
	(c)	Proportional representation	(d)	Single transferable vote
99.	Natio	onal Policy for persons with disabilities was fra	amed	in the year
		2005		2006
	(c)	2007	(d)	2008
100.	or in	velopment Administration is a process for carrying dustry or capital infrastructure supporting eitice of the state." Who has given this statement	ther	planned change in the economy in agriculture of these and to a lesser extent in the social
	(a)	Edward Weidner	(b)	J.D. Montgomery
	(c)	F.W. Riggs	(d)	U.L. Goswami

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