PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION PAPER - II

Time Allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read each of the following instruction carefully before attempting questions)

There are eight (8) questions - four (4) questions each in Part A & B. Each question carries 20 marks.

Marks for each question is indicated against it.

Compulsory questions:

- (a) Question No. 1 from Part-A and
- (b) Question No. 5 from Part-B [Compulsory questions No. 1 & 5 have 4 (four) Sub-questions carrying 5 marks each.]

Total No. of questions to be attempted:

5 (five) questions.

[A candidate shall attempt 2 (two) compulsory questions from Part A and B. Out of the remaining 6 (six) questions, 3 (three) are to be attempted taking at least 1 (one) but not more than 2 (two) questions from each Part]

Word Limit:

- (a) Compulsory questions carrying 5 marks shall have a limit of 150 words.
- (b) There shall be no word limit for the remaining questions.

PART-A

1. Answer the following:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- (a) "Mughal administration system was centralized despotism". Comment.
- (b) The Idea of constitutionalism as 'government by limited powers' has been a functional reality in India. Comment.
- (c) The Preamble to the constitution of India provides a foundational framework of ideals and values for the Indian administration. Comment.
- (d) "There is a need for greater inclusion of technocrats in bureaucracy to ensure effective governance in India." Elucidate.
- 2. Discuss the key functions of the Prime Minister's Office in India, and analyse how it assist the Prime Minister in policy-making and governance. (10+10=20)
- 3. 'Bureaucracy and Democracy may appear to be antithetical but they are more complementary for both existence'. Explain (20)
- 4. Discuss the division of administrative powers between the Centre and State(s). (20)

PART - B

5. Answer the following:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- (a) What is the main role of National Development Council?
- (b) What are the key objectives of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)?
- (c) Mention the main role of National Investigation Agency (NIA).
- (d) What is the role of the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)?
- 6. Discuss the key challenges faced by municipal governance in India, and how do they affect the delivery of basic urban services? (10+10=20)
- 7. 'The effectiveness of law and order administration depends on cooperative attitude of people toward police'. In light of above discuss police-public relations in India. (20)
- Disasters can push the world's poorest deeper into poverty'. Discuss comprehensive strategy to deal with disasters in India.

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