#### MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

# Competitive Examinations for Recruitment to the post of Forest Ranger under Environment, Forests & Climate Change Department, Government of Mizoram, June, 2024.

### **GENERAL SCIENCE - III**

Full Marks: 200

Time Allowed: 2 hours

(c) number of protons in an element

All questions carry equal marks of 2 each. Attempt all questions. 1. The concept of "Scientific Temper" was introduced in India by (a) C.V. Raman (b) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam (c) C.N.R. Rao 2. The world's second and India's first test tube baby was called (b) Guru Nanak (a) Ramayana (c) Krishna (d) Durga 3. In Aadhaar, the most reliable biometric identification is scanning of the (b) DNA fingerprint (a) face (d) iris (c) hand geometry 4. National Science Day in India is observed in honour of the Nobel laureate (a) Chandrashekhara Venkata Raman (b) Rabindranath Tagore (c) Amartya Sen (d) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam 5. A mathematical symbol that was first used in India is (b) 1 (a)  $\alpha$  $(d) \pm$ (c) 0 6. Agni-V is (a) an intercontinental ballistic missile (b) a medium-range ballistic missile (d) a short-range ballistic missile (c) an intermediate-range ballistic missile 7. Ronald Ross received the 1902 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for his work in India, which is the discovery of the (a) causes of cancer (b) etiology of diabetes mellitus (d) first drug for tuberculosis (c) transmission of malaria 8. Bosons, subatomic particles, are named after (b) Subhas Chandra Bose (a) Satyendra Nath Bose (c) Jagadish Chandra Bose (d) Amar Bose 9. Chandrashekhar limit is about the (b) size of white dwarf star (a) rate of expansion of the galaxy

(d) speed of light in vacuum

10.	en to							
	(a)	Raja Ramanna	(b)	Rajagopala Chidambaram				
	(c)	Homi Jehangir Bhabha	(d)	Piara Singh Gill				
11.	The f	irst satellite made by India is						
	(a)	Bhaskara	(b)	Aryabhata				
	(c)	Rohini	(d)	INSAT				
12.	Lolli	pop-like projection on coronaviruses are called	i					
	(a)	loops	(b)	capsids				
	(c)	envelope	(d)	spikes				
13.	India	India is home to a deadly infection called kala azar or visceral leishmaniasis which is transmitted by						
	(a)	sandflies	(b)	mosquitos				
	(c)	rats	(d)	fleas				
14.	ISRC	stands for						
	(a)	Indian Science Research Organisation	(b)	Indian Space Research Organisation				
	(c)	International Space Research Operation	(d)	International Science Research Organisation				
15.	An in	fectious disease that is completely eradicated	in Inc	lia is				
	(a)	diphtheria	(b)	dracunculiasis				
	(c)	smallpox	(d)	polio				
16.	Dolly	the sheep is related to an experimental techni	que c	alled				
	(a)	in vitro fertilization	(b)	somatic nuclear transfer				
	(c)	genetic rejuvenation .	(d)	genome editing				
<b>17.</b>	Mizo	ram falls within the biodiversity hotspot of		*				
	(a)	Indo-Burma and Eastern Himalayas	(b)	Indo-Burma only				
	(c)	Eastern Himalayas only	(d)	Western Ghats and Indo-Burma				
18.	A gas	s that acts as a hormone promoting fruit ripenir	ng and	d flowering in plants is				
	(a)	cytokinin	(b)	abscisic acid				
	(c)	gibberellin	(d)	ethylene				
19.	The f	irst nuclear explosion made in 1945 was code	nam	ed				
	(a)	Little Boy	` ,	Trinity				
	(c)	Fat Man	(d)	Manhattan				
20.	"The	secret of life", as discovered in 1953, refers t	0					
	(a)	deoxyribonucleic acid	(b)	tobacco mosaic virus				
	(c)	transposable elements	(d)	haemoglobin				
21.	The p	phrase <i>omnis cellula e cellula</i> in cell theory w	as in	troduced by				
	(a)	Robert Hooke	(b)	Antonie van Leeuwenhoek				
	(c)	Rudolf Virchow	(d)	Theodor Schwann				
22.	Whic	ch of the following hormones can be used as co	ontra	ceptives?				
	(a)	oxytocin and aldosterone	` ′	prolactin and gonadotropic hormone				
	(c)	insulin and testosterone	(d)	estrogen and progesterone				

23.	An Indian-born scientist who received the Nobel Prize in Chemistry and Padma Vibhusan, and became President of the Royal Society is					
		Jagadish Chandra Bose	(b)	C. V. Homi Jehangir Bhabha		
	, ,	Venkatraman Ramakrishnan		Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar		
24.	Who	o was popularly known as the Birdman of India				
		SalimAli		Iskandar Mirza		
	(c)	Humayun Abdulali	٠,	Abbas Tyabji		
25.	Nati	onal Science Day in India is observed on				
	(a)	28 February	(b)	28 March		
	(c)	18 April	(d)	18 June		
26.	The	title "father of the Indian nuclear programme"	is giv	ren to		
	(a)	Venkatraman Radhakrishnan	(b)	Rajagopala Chidambaram		
	(c)	Homi Jehangir Bhabha	(d)	Piara Singh Gill		
27.		ndian scientist who received the Nobel Prize fo	r his	works on "the structure and evolution of the		
	stars			•		
	` ′	Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman	(b)	•		
	(c)		(d)	Venkatraman Radhakrishnan		
28.		tronomy, Saraswati refers to				
		the estimated size of the universe		the number of stars in Milky Way		
		a supermassive blackhole		a supercluster of galaxies		
29.		hich of the following field of science C.V. Ram	an di	d not make a contribution?		
		Nerve propagation		Scattering of light		
	` `	Acoustics	(d)	Physiology of vision		
30.		first discovered antibiotic for the treatment of t				
	` ′	quinine		streptomycin		
		penicillin	(d)	salvarsan		
31.		e that was originally developed in India was				
	• •	magenta	` ′	indigo		
22	` '	red oxide	` ′	saffron		
32.		e Indian scientists who had received the highes				
		C. N. R. Rao, C.V. Raman and A. P. J. Abdu C.V. Raman, V. Ramakrishnan and A. P. J. Al				
		K. S. Chandrasekharan, C.V. Raman and A.				
		A. P. J. Abdul Kalam, C.N.R. Rao and Homi				
33		of the most prestigious scientific awards in Ind		ingh Dhaona		
55.		Infosys Prize	1a 15			
	• •	Aryabhata Award				
	(c)		nd Te	chnology		
	` '	G. D. Birla Award for Scientific Research				
34.	` ,	el Prize winner, Har Gobind Khorana was kno	wn fa	or the discovery of		
		pulsar	(b)	·		
		DNA structure	` ,	genetic code		

Discovered in india, crescograph is a device for measuring				
(a)	music	(b)	heartbeat	
(c)	plant growth	(d)	rate of sound wave	
Creso	cograph was invented by			
(a)	Jagadish Chandra Bose	(b)	Venkatraman Radhakrishnan	
(c)	Ashoke Sen	(d)	C.V. Raman	
An In	ndian scientist who made important contribution	ns in	quantum statistics was	
			Subramanyan Chandrasekhar	
(c)	Jagadish Chandra Bose	(d)	Satyendra Nath Bose	
A tho	ought experiment in quantum mechanics that s	gives	a state of being dead and alive at the same	
(a)	Schrödinger's cat	(b)	Pavlov's experiment	
(c)	The Cheshire Cat	(d)	Heisenberg's Uncertainty	
Rama	an effect is about			
(a)	speed of light	(b)	event horizon	
(c)	electrical conductance	(d)	scattering of photons	
The f	first nuclear test explosion in India was in 1974	l at		
(a)	Bombay	(b)	Pokhran	
(c)	Kharagpur	(d)	Thar	
The f	first pharmaceutical company in India was star	ted b	у	
(a)	Prafulla Chandra Ray	(b)	Amiya Charan Banerjee	
(c)	K. S. Chandrasekharan	(d)	Debasish Ghose	
An a	erospace scientist who became the 11th Presid	ent o	f India was	
(a)	Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan	(b)	Shankar Dayal Sharma	
(c)	Varahagiri Venkata Giri	(d)	A.P.J. Abdul Kalam	
13. Recipient of the Turing Award, Raj Reddy is internationally renowned for his works on				
			LED light	
(c)	radiology	(d)	artificial intelligence	
Inter	net in India was started in 1995 by			
(a)	TATA	(b)	BSNL	
(c)	VSNL	(d)	JIO	
A dis	scovery in India that malaria is transmitted by r	nosq	uito was by	
			J.B.S. Haldane	
(c)	Charles Donovan	(d)	William Leishman	
The	first supercomputer in India PARAM 8000 wa	s ma	de in	
			Pune	
` ′		(d)	Bangalore	
` '				
		(b)	Chandrayaan-1	
		(d)	INSAT 1	
	(a) (c) Creso (a) (c) An Ir (a) (c) A thortime (a) (c) The Ir (a) (c) Inter (a) (c) The (a	(a) music (c) plant growth Crescograph was invented by (a) Jagadish Chandra Bose (c) Ashoke Sen An Indian scientist who made important contribution (a) Shiraz Minwalla (c) Jagadish Chandra Bose A thought experiment in quantum mechanics that a time is called (a) Schrödinger's cat (c) The Cheshire Cat Raman effect is about (a) speed of light (c) electrical conductance The first nuclear test explosion in India was in 1974 (a) Bombay (c) Kharagpur The first pharmaceutical company in India was star (a) Prafulla Chandra Ray (c) K. S. Chandrasekharan An aerospace scientist who became the 11th Presid (a) Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan (c) Varahagiri Venkata Giri Recipient of the Turing Award, Raj Reddy is interna (a) solar car (c) radiology Internet in India was started in 1995 by (a) TATA (c) VSNL A discovery in India that malaria is transmitted by r (a) Ronald Ross (c) Charles Donovan	(a) music (b) (c) plant growth (d) Crescograph was invented by (a) Jagadish Chandra Bose (b) (c) Ashoke Sen (d) An Indian scientist who made important contributions in (a) Shiraz Minwalla (b) (c) Jagadish Chandra Bose (d) A thought experiment in quantum mechanics that gives time is called (a) Schrödinger's cat (b) (c) The Cheshire Cat (d) Raman effect is about (a) speed of light (b) (c) electrical conductance (d) The first nuclear test explosion in India was in 1974 at (a) Bombay (b) (c) Kharagpur (d) The first pharmaceutical company in India was started b (a) Prafulla Chandra Ray (b) (c) K. S. Chandrasekharan (d) An aerospace scientist who became the 11th President of the Turing Award, Raj Reddy is internation (a) solar car (b) (c) varahagiri Venkata Giri (d) Recipient of the Turing Award, Raj Reddy is internation (a) solar car (b) (c) validology (d) Internet in India was started in 1995 by (a) TATA (b) (b) (c) VSNL (d) A discovery in India that malaria is transmitted by mosq (a) Ronald Ross (b) (c) Charles Donovan (d) The first supercomputer in India PARAM 8000 was ma (a) Delhi (b) (b) (c) Mumbai (d) The first Indian satellite to the Moon was (a) Rohini RS-1 (b)	

48.	3. The first successful nuclear bomb test in India was nicknamed					
	(a) Smiling Buddha	(b) Fat Boy				
	(c) Praying Mantis	(d) Prithvi				
49.	The first railway in India ran from					
	(a) Delhi to Agra	(b) Pune to Kolkata				
	(c) Hyderabad to Secunderabad	(d) Bombay to Thane				
50.	The biopiracy case of the neem tree (Az	radirachta indica) was between				
	(a) India and Pakistan	(b) India and U.S.				
	(c) India and U.K.	(d) India and China				
51.	Name the Mizo hero who fought against	the British.				
	(a) Khuangchera	(b) Zampuimanga				
	(c) Vanapa	(d) Chawngbawla				
52.	When was James Winchester killed and	d Mary Winchester, her small daughter, was kidnapped at				
	Alexandrapore?					
	(a) 1870	(b) 1871				
	(c) 1872	(d) 1873				
53.	Which of the following is associated with	th Khawzim pathian?				
	(a) Pawl kut	(b) Mim kut				
	(c) Chapchar kut	(d) Thalfavang kut				
54.	The first Superintendent of Lushai Hills v	was				
	(a) TH. Lewin	(b) Major J. Shakespeare				
	(c) C.W Bolton	(d) S.N Barkataki				
55.	The literacy rate of Mizoram according	to 2011 census is				
	(a) 93.39%	(b) 91.85%				
	(c) 89.44%	(d) 85.62%				
<b>56.</b>	The largest musical instrument of Mizo i	n early days was				
	(a) Bengbung	(b) Darkhuang				
	(c) Darbu	(d) Darmang				
57.	One who performs religious and other so	cial functions for the villagers was called				
	(a) Sadawt	(b) Puithiam				
	(c) Ramhual	(d) Senior elder				
58.	Which Mizo folktale is associated with A	Hmuichukchuriduninu?				
	(a) Zialung khawchhan Hrangkhupa	(b) Mualzavata				
	(c) Nuchhimi	(d) Sichangneii				
59.	Which of the following character is relat	ed to <i>Vazuntei</i> ?				
	(a) Sichangneii	(b) Kawrdumbela				
	(c) Sawngkhara	(d) Chertuala leh Darthiangi				
60.	Very ugly young man in Mizo folktale is					
	(a) Tuaisiala	(b) Dotheia				
	(c) Mualzavata	(d) Chenahakhata				

61.	Wh	ich of the following is not true in regards to Ch	iai hl	a?					
	(a)	Nilen zai	(b)	Lalvunga zai					
	(c)	Thailungi zai	(d)	Mangkhaia zai					
<b>62</b> .	Fam	nous cave called Lamsial puk is situated near							
	(a)	Khawbung village	(b)	Farkawn village					
	(c)	Maite village	(d)	Biate village					
63.	Wha	at is the state Flower of Mizoram?							
	(a)	Rhynchostylis Retusa	(b)	Red Vanda					
	(c)	Aerides Odorata	(d)	Lilium Mackliniae					
64.	Lian	Lianchhiari Lunglen tlang was located in which district?							
	(a)	Champhai	(b)	Saitual					
	(c)	Serchhip	(d)	Khawzawl					
<b>65.</b>	Whi	ch of the following is not true in regards to Ch	ai hle	a?					
	(a)	Lalvunga zai	(b)	Phunthanga zai					
	(c)	Sahlam zai	(d)	Zopui zai					
66.	Whe	en did Mizoram become a Union Territory?							
	(a)	21 January 1972	(b)	21 January 1982					
	(c)	21 January 1977	(d)	21 January 1987					
<b>67.</b>	Fam	ous famine called Thingtam occurred in the ye	ear						
	(a)	1861	(b)	1871					
	(c)	1880	(d)	1911					
68.	The	Mizo traditional dance that doesn't have partic	cular	occasion or performed any occasion					
	(a)	Chheih lam	(b)	Cheraw					
	(c)	Khuallam	(d)	Salulam zai					
69.	A feast performed with dance in honour of the spirit of the ancestors was								
	(a)	chai	(b)	chheih lam					
	(c)	mithirawplam	(d)	sakung					
70.	Who was the Speaker of the First State Assembly of Mizoram?								
	(a)	Pu Rokamlova	(b)	Pu J. Thanghuama					
	(c)	Dr. H. Thansanga	(d)	Pu Thingridema					
71.	Whic	h is the largest Wildlife Sanctuary in Mizoram?	?						
	(a)	Ngengpui Wildlife Sanctuary	(b)	khawnglung Wildlife Sanctuary					
	(c)	Dampa Wildlife Sanctuary	(d)	Lengteng Wildlife Sanctuary					
72.	Who	is the Second Chief Minister of Mizoram?							
	(a)	C. Chhunga	(b)	Brig T. Sailo					
	(c)	Lal Thanhawla	(d)	Laldenga					
73.	Tialp	ari puk is situated in							
	(a)	Surtlang	(b)	Lengteng tlang					
	(c)	Phawngpui tlang	(d)	Pukzing village					

74.	Who	was the first recipient of the Padma Shri Awa	rd fro	om Mizoram?
	(a)	Khawlkungi	(b)	Nuchhungi Renthlei
	(c)	Jamesh Dokhuma	(d)	Anselm Sawihlira
<b>75.</b>	In wh	nich category did Jeremy Lalrinnunga win the	Gold	Medal at the Commonwealth Games 2022?
		Men's 57 Kg		Men's 67 Kg
	(c)	Men's 77 Kg	(d)	Men's 87 Kg
Direc Find	ctions the n	s (Q Nos. 76 - 83): The numbers in the $f$ missing number from the series.	ollon	ving questions follow a certain pattern.
76.	39, 4	2, 36, 45,, 48		
	(a)	33	(b)	31
	(c)	41	(d)	43
77.	21, 3	2, 45, 60,, 96, 117, 140		
	(a)	69	(b)	77
	(c)	82	(d)	90
<b>78.</b>	118,	, 104, 97, 90, 83		
	(a)	115	(b)	111
	(c)	109	(d)	107
<b>79.</b>	91, 9	2, 96, 105, 121,		
	(a)	125	(b)	130
	(d)	135	(d)	146
80.	19, 2	, 38, 3, 114, 4,		
	(a)	225	(b)	400
	(c)	456	(d)	625
81.	121,	225, 361,, 729		
	(a)	441	(b)	484
	(c)	529	(d)	576
<b>82.</b>	5, 9,	, 20, 27, 35		
	(a)	14	(b)	16
	(c)	18	(d)	19
83.	1, 9,	17, 33, 49, 73,		
	(a)	97	(b)	99
	(c)	111	(4)	113

# Directions: Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Electric cars may still survive since the car's emissions would be far less polluting than those that run on fossil fuels. With very minor emissions of sulphur caused when the batteries charge and discharge, when compared to current emissions standards, electric cars are zero emissions. The gasoline engine by comparison does not fare as well. Gasoline and diesel fuel burned in internal combustion engines for transportation-account for 54 percent of nitrites of oxygen, 89 percent of carbon monoxide and 28 percent of carbon dioxide pollution produced. Switching to electric vehicles drops those percentages to zero, and only slightly increases sulphur emissions. So even when the power plants burn dirty fuel, the amount of pollution is less than an oil burning car would create. And this picture is improving all the time, as clean energy sources are added to the grid. The goal should be to make more electric cars with greater incentives for consumers and producers, as well as feeding grids with more power from renewable resources as per the objectives stated in the numerous plans on climate change. And till this goal is achieved, the debate whether controlling emission at a few power plants is more convenient than controlling emission at millions of tailpipes is, would continue.

Directions (Question Nos. 84 - 85): Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

## 84. picture

(a) situation

(b) photograph

(c) representation

(d) art work

## 85. feeding

(a) eating

(b) supplying

(c) consuming

(d) encouraging

Directions (Question No. 86): Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

#### 86. slightly

(a) adequately

(b) miserly

(c) certainly

(d) substantially

Directions (Question Nos. 87 - 90): Each of the following idioms is followed by four meanings (a, b, c and d) of which only one is correct. Select the correct meaning.

#### 87. Gift of the gab

(a) To be lucky

(b) To get something free

(c) Talent for speaking

(d) To be blessed

#### 88. To chew the cud

(a) To eat slowly

(b) To ruminate over the past

(c) To swallow one's pride

(d) To take each day as it arrives

#### 89. Hobson's choice

- (a) No choice at all because there is only one alternative
- (b) Choice to live or die
- (c) Multiple choice
- (d) A dilemma

### **90.** To go into black

(a) To disappear without a trace

(b) To plan secretly

(c) To mourn

(d) To go underground

Directions (Question Nos. 91 - 95): In each of the following questions, find out the correct answer out of the four Answer Figures, if the problem figures continue in the same sequence.

# 91. Problem Figures

@	?	X	D	&
, <del>-</del>	@	?	X	D
?	X	D	&	S

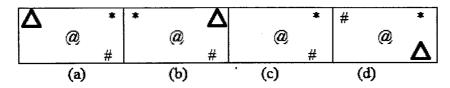
## **Answer Figures**

\$		\$	S	\$
&	0	&	;	&
D	&	@	#	
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	)

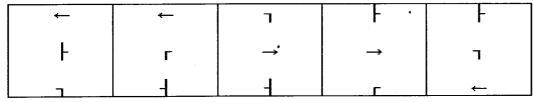
# 92. Problem Figures



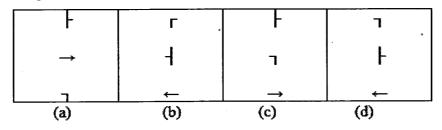
# **Answer Figures**



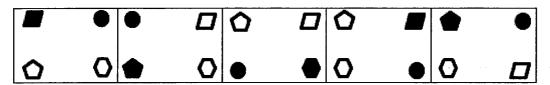
# 93. Problem Figures



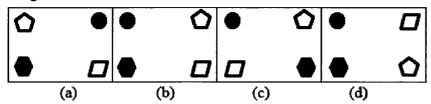
# **Answer Figures**



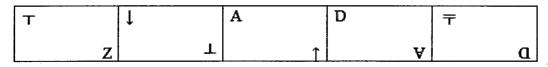
## 94. Problem Figures



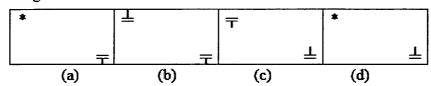
## **Answer Figures**



# 95. Problem Figures



## **Answer Figures**



## Directions (Question Nos. 96 - 100): Refer to the following information and answer the questions.

A, B, P, Q, Y and Z cook pizza, burger, rice, sandwich, pasta and pastry.

- i. Z, who is shorter than B and is taller than Y, cooks pastry
- ii. The shortest among them cooks pasta
- iii. A, who is between B and P in decreasing order of tallness, cooks burger
- iv. B and P neither cooks pasta nor sandwich
- v. The tallest among them cooks sandwich
- **96.** Who among the following is the shortest?
  - (a) B

(b) P

(c) Y

(d) None of these

- 97. Which food does Z cook?
  - (a) Pasta

(b) Pizza

(c) Burger

- (d) Pastry
- 98. Who among the following cooks sandwich?
  - (a) B

(b) Q

(c) Y

(d) None of these

- 99. Which food does B cook?
  - (a) Rice

(b) Pizza

(c) Either Rice or Pizza

- (d) None of these
- **100.** Who among the following is taller than A?
  - (a) B

(b) Q

(c) Z

(d) Y

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*