

MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
TECHNICAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS FOR
PSYCHOLOGIST (CONTRACT) AND CASE WORKER
UNDER SOCIAL WELFARE & TRIBAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT,
GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM, JANUARY-2024

GENERAL STUDIES

Time Allowed : 3 hours

FM : 100

All questions carry equal marks of 1 each.

Attempt all questions.

1. Who is the winner of Balon d'Or 2023 Female?
(a) Aitana Bonmati (b) Alexia Putellas
(c) Megan Rapinoe (d) Ada Hegerberg
2. Which country will hold the 2024 G20 summit?
(a) Canada (b) Argentina
(c) India (d) Brazil
3. The unprecedented surprise attack on Israel by Hamas terrorist took place on –
(a) 6th October 2023 (b) 7th October 2023
(c) 17th September 2023 (d) 18th September 2023
4. In which region was *Tharosaurus indicus*, dinosaur fossils from the Middle Jurassic period, recently discovered?
(a) Thar Desert, India (b) Deccan Plateau, India
(c) Gobi Desert, China (d) Indus Valley, Pakistan
5. Which city topped the 'Swachh Vayu Sarvekshan 2023 Clean Air Survey'?
(a) Aizawl (b) Chandigarh
(c) Indore (d) Panjim
6. Neha Thakur, who secured a silver medal for India at Asian Games, plays which sports?
(a) Squash (b) Boxing
(c) Sailing (d) Wrestling
7. Which institution has introduced 'Geocoding' functionality to identify and locate businesses across the country?
(a) GSTN (b) Invest India
(c) NITI Aayog (d) DPIIT
8. In which state/UT was 'Eco-Vizag Campaign'?
(a) Andhra Pradesh (b) Uttar Pradesh
(c) Madhya Pradesh (d) Telangana
9. In how many constituencies have the BJP contested the Mizoram State Legislative Assembly Election 2023?
(a) 24 (b) 19
(c) 23 (d) 20

10. The total number of contestants in the Mizoram State Legislative Assembly Election 2023 was –
(a) 182 (b) 174
(c) 184 (d) 172
11. In the National Games 2023, Mizoram stood 27th with how many medals?
(a) 4 (b) 5
(c) 7 (d) 6
12. The 2nd Runner Up in the Miss Northeast 2023 was –
(a) Jacqueline Ralte (b) Jennifer Chhange
(c) Jenny Chhakchhuak (d) Jennifer Ralte
13. The Indus Valley Civilization is also known as:
(a) Vedic Civilization (b) Harappan Civilization
(c) Mauryan Civilization (d) Gupta Civilization
14. The Mauryan Emperor who embraced Buddhism and spread it across India was:
(a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Bindusara
(c) Ashoka (d) Kanishka
15. Who was the founder of the Gupta Empire, often referred to as the “Golden Age” of ancient India?
(a) Skandagupta (b) Chandragupta I
(c) Samudragupta (d) Ashoka
16. The famous rock-cut temples of Ellora were created during the rule of which dynasty?
(a) Rashtrakuta (b) Chola
(c) Pallava (d) Chalukya
17. Who was the first Mughal emperor?
(a) Akbar (b) Humayun
(c) Jahangir (d) Babur
18. Who was the author of the famous book “Discovery of India”?
(a) Rabindranath Tagore (b) Mahatma Gandhi
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sardar Patel
19. Who was the leader that supported the Khilafat Movement, which aimed to support the Ottoman Empire?
(a) Jawaharlal Nehru (b) Subhas Chandra Bose
(c) Muhammad Ali Jinnah (d) Mahatma Gandhi
20. The “Poona Pact” was an agreement between Dr. B.R. Ambedkar and Mahatma Gandhi over an issue regarding:
(a) Quit India Movement (b) Separate electorates for Dalits, etc
(c) Partition of India (d) Swaraj
21. The coinage of the slogan “Dilli chalo” is attributed to:
(a) Netaji Subash Chandra Bose (b) Sardar Vallabhai Patel
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Motilal Nehru
22. Who coined the term “Satyagraha” to describe the non-violent resistance used in the Indian National Movement?
(a) Jawaharlal Nehru (b) Subhas Chandra Bose
(c) Mahatma Gandhi (d) Sardar Patel

23. The "Partition of Bengal" was revoked in which year due to widespread protests?
(a) 1905 (b) 1911
(c) 1920 (d) 1947
24. The "Champaran Satyagraha" was a movement led by Mahatma Gandhi against the exploitation of indigo farmers in which state?
(a) Bihar (b) Gujarat
(c) Punjab (d) Tamil Nadu
25. Shanghai city developed on the banks of the
(a) Yangtze river (b) Yellow river
(c) Mekong river (d) Han river
26. The total geographical area of India is
(a) 3.28 million sq km (b) 4.28 million sq km
(c) 2.28 million sq km (d) 5.28 million sq km
27. Which of the following cities has the largest number of French speakers in the world?
(a) Paris (b) Quebec
(c) Tahiti (d) Kinshasa
28. The Patkai hills separate India from
(a) Myanmar (b) China
(c) Pakistan (d) Sri Lanka
29. Sub-Saharan Africa includes the countries and regions of the continent of Africa that lie _____ of the Sahara.
(a) North (b) South
(c) East (d) West
30. The 2015 Nepal earthquake occurred as a result of the Indian plate colliding with the
(a) Arabian plate (b) Chinese plate
(c) Eurasian plate (d) Tibetan plate
31. Bailadila range in the Deccan plateau is well known for the production of
(a) Iron ore (b) Bauxite
(c) Silver (d) Copper
32. Which of the following river drains into the Brahmaputra River?
(a) Betwa (b) Luni
(c) Lohit (d) Gomti
33. Shompen tribes are found in
(a) Nilgiri Hills (b) Great Nicobar Islands
(c) Andaman Islands (d) Lakshadweep
34. Which of the following seas are connected by the Suez Canal?
(a) Red sea and Dead sea (b) Red sea and Arabian sea
(c) Red sea and Mediterranean sea (d) Red sea and Black sea
35. The largest island in the Indian ocean is
(a) Maldives (b) Madagascar
(c) Sri Lanka (d) Sumatra

36. The Tropic of Cancer passes through
(a) Andhra Pradesh (b) Uttar Pradesh
(c) Maharashtra (d) Madhya Pradesh
37. The Constitution of India was adopted by the Constituent Assembly of India on
(a) 15th August, 1947 (b) 26th November, 1949
(c) 26th January, 1950 (d) 24th January, 1950
38. How many Fundamental Rights are there in the Constitution of India?
(a) 8 (b) 6
(c) 7 (d) None of these
39. Directive Principles of State Policy is incorporated in which article numbers of the Constitution of India?
(a) Article 35 — Article 50 (b) Articles 34- Article 51
(c) Article 36 -Article 52 (d) Article 36 – Article 51
40. Emergency due to breakdown of constitutional machinery in a state is incorporated in which article number of the Constitution of India?
(a) Article 352 (b) Article 356
(c) Article 358 (d) Article 360
41. Fundamental Duties are incorporated in the constitution of India by the
(a) Constitution 40th Amendment Act, 1976 (b) Constitution 41st Amendment Act, 1976
(c) Constitution 42nd Amendment Act, 1976 (d) Constitution 43rd Amendment Act, 1977
42. Minorities in the Constitution of India is interpreted on the basis of
(a) Religion and language (b) Religion and tribe
(c) Language and Caste (d) Religion, language and tribe
43. Which one of the following is a federal feature of the Indian Constitution?
(a) Single Election Commission
(b) Appointment of Judges of the High Court by the President
(c) Distribution of powers between Union Government and State Government by the constitution
(d) Appointment of Governor of the State by the President of India
44. Any part of the constitution of India can be amended by the Parliament without touching
(a) Preamble (b) Fundamental rights
(c) Basic structure (d) Centre-state relation
45. The Constitution Seventy Third Amendment Act, 1992 incorporated how many tiers of Panchayats?
(a) One-tier (b) Two-tiers
(c) Three-tiers (d) No tier system
46. The main difference between the Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy is
(a) Fundamental Rights are justiciable while Directive Principles of State Policy are not justiciable
(b) Fundamental Rights are positive while Directive Principles of State Policy are negative
(c) Directive Principles of State Policy are given precedence over Fundamental Rights by Courts in all cases
(d) Directive Principles of State Policy are non-justiciable but not positive

47. Which of the following is a national party?
(a) Samajwadi party (b) National Conference
(c) Biju Janata Dal (BJD) (d) Aam Admi Party
48. India is a republic because
(a) She has elected head of state (b) She has parliamentary democracy
(c) She is a Union of States (d) She has bicameral legislature
49. The First Sustainable Development Goal aims to eradicate extreme poverty. How does the United Nations currently measure extreme poverty?
(a) People who live on less than \$ 1.25 a day (b) People who live on less than \$ 1.35 a day
(c) People who live on less than \$ 1.45 a day (d) People who live on less than \$ 1.55 a day
50. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), also known as the Global Goals were adopted by the United Nations in
(a) 2014 (b) 2015
(c) 2016 (d) 2017
51. The Sustainable Development Goals are intended to be achieved by the year
(a) 2030 (b) 2035
(c) 2040 (d) 2045
52. In the two lists given below, List-I provides *the number of Sustainable Development Goals*, while List-II indicates *its broad area*. Match the two Lists and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
- | <u>List-I</u> | <u>List-II</u> |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| a. Goal 2 | i. Quality Education |
| b. Goal-3 | ii. Good Health and Well-being |
| c. Goal 4 | iii. Zero Hunger |
| d. Goal13 | iv. Climate Action |
- (a) a -iii , b- ii, c-i, d-iv
(b) a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i
(c) a-iii, b-ii, c-iv, d-i
(d) a-iii, b-i, c-iv, d-ii
53. In India, *poverty ratio* is lowest in
(a) Kerala (b) Punjab
(c) Haryana (d) Delhi
54. Which of the following collects *data poverty* in India?
(a) Planning Commission
(b) National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO)
(c) Central Statistical Organization (CSO)
(d) Ministry of Tribal Affairs
55. Which of the following is responsible for high poverty rates in India?
(a) Inequality of income and wealth
(b) Unequal distribution of land
(c) Lack of effective implementation of land reforms
(d) All of the above
56. When was the Bank of Hindustan (the First Bank of India) established?
(a) 1770 (b) 1780
(c) 1870 (d) 1947

57. Which industry gets *Special Assistance* from the State Financial Corporation in the State Bank of India?
- (a) Steel industry (b) Cotton textile industry
(c) Large Scale industries (d) Medium and Small Scale industries
58. National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) was merged with which organization in 1982?
- (a) State Bank of India
(b) Reserve Bank of India
(c) Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation (ARDC)
(d) EXIM Bank
59. Which expense is *not included* in the development expenditure?
- (a) Agriculture expenses (b) Economic expenses
(c) Defence expenses (d) Social Community Expenses
60. Deficit financing refers to
- (a) Filling the gap between government revenue and government expenditure in a government budget by borrowings funds from Central Bank or public.
(b) Difference between the current year's fiscal deficit and interest payment on previous borrowings
(c) Relying on funding of Central Government
(d) Not spending enough to ensure development
61. In which year was the U.N. Conference on human environment held in Stockholm
- (a) 1962 (b) 1972
(c) 1982 (d) 1992
62. The term ecology was introduced by:
- (a) Haeckel (b) Odum
(c) Tansely (d) Ramdeo Mishra
63. The most important reason for decrease in biodiversity is
- (a) Pollution (b) introduction of exotic species
(c) over-exploitation (d) habitat destruction
64. Chipko movement is a public agitation that occurred in
- (a) Mansbal area in Kashmir (b) Silent valley in Kerala
(c) Sundarban area in Bengal (d) Tehri garhwal area of Uttar Pradesh
65. Which one of the following is not an in-situ conservation method?
- (a) Zoo (b) National Parks
(c) Biosphere Reserves (d) Sanctuaries
66. Natality refers to
- (a) Number of individuals leaving the habitat (b) Number of individuals entering the habitat
(c) Death rate (d) Birth rate
67. Mycorrhiza are example of
- (a) Amensalism (b) Protocooperation
(c) Mutualism (d) Parasitism

68. Which of the following is a renewable source of energy?
(a) Atomic power (b) Hydro electric power
(c) Thermal power (d) Natural gas
69. Lotic ecosystem refers to
(a) Ecosystem of standing water (b) Ecosystem of flowing water
(c) Ecosystem of estuaries (d) Deep marine water system
70. Red data book contains data of
(a) all plant species (b) all animal species
(c) economically important species (d) threatened species
71. Ozone layer is situated in which strata of atmosphere?
(a) Thermosphere (b) Stratosphere
(c) Ionosphere (d) Mesosphere
72. The major green house gas which contributes most to greenhouse effect among the following is
(a) Carbon monoxide (b) Methane
(c) NO_x (d) Carbon dioxide
73. According to the Indian State of Forest Report 2021, the percentage of Forest cover area in Mizoram is
(a) 70.89 % (b) 92.31 %
(c) 84.53 % (d) 56.45 %
74. Proteins are made up by varied arrangement of
(a) Fats (b) Nucleosides
(c) Amino acids (d) Phospholipids
75. Carbohydrates are stored in human body as
(a) Glucose (b) Starch
(c) Sugars (d) Glycogen
76. Candles contain a mixture of
(a) Paraffin wax and Stearic acid (b) Bee wax and Paraffin wax
(c) Bee wax and Stearic acid (d) Higher Fatty acids
77. The Polymers used in the preparation of non-stick utensils is
(a) Vitol (b) Polyurethane
(c) Teflon (d) Bakelite
78. The chemical compounds released by one species of animals in order to influence the behaviour of the other members of the same species are called
(a) Pheromones (b) Hormones
(c) Steroids (d) Nucleotides
79. Heroin is acetyl derivative of
(a) Nicotine (b) Morphine
(c) Cocaine (d) Caffeine
80. Drug which helps to reduce anxiety and brings about calmness is
(a) Antihistamine (b) Analgesic
(c) Diuretic (d) Tranquiliser

81. Carbon monoxide is harmful to human beings as it
- (a) is antagonistic to CO₂
 - (b) is carcinogenic
 - (c) has higher affinity for haemoglobin as compared to oxygen
 - (d) is destructive to ozone
82. Water is often treated with chlorine to
- (a) kill germs
 - (b) increase oxygen content
 - (c) remove hardness
 - (d) remove suspended particles
83. The Aizawl Municipal Corporation (AMC) has banned single use plastics which are less than 50 micron thickness in Aizawl City in the year
- (a) 2017
 - (b) 2018
 - (c) 2019
 - (d) 2020
84. The technology used by SIPMIU in municipal solid waste processing plant in Tuiri is
- (a) Anaerobic composting under controlled condition
 - (b) Accelerated anaerobic composting under controlled condition
 - (c) Aerobic composting under controlled condition
 - (d) Accelerated aerobic composting under controlled condition
85. Most of the Mizo chiefs usually have in addition to their real wife several concubines. The children by concubines are known as:
- (a) Chhungpuifa
 - (b) Sawn
 - (c) Hmeifa
 - (d) Khumpuifa
86. Khawchhiar in the Mizo village was:
- (a) The village writer
 - (b) A man who advises the Chief where jhums should be cut each year
 - (c) The village blacksmith
 - (d) The village crier
87. _____ is the due payable to a chief by any of his own village or by anyone from another village who cultivates his land:
- (a) Sachhiah
 - (b) Ranchhiah
 - (c) Khuaichhiah
 - (d) Fathang
88. _____ is a form of divorce by agreement.
- (a) Sa-ui tan.
 - (b) Peksachang
 - (c) Fanghmano ei
 - (d) Remar talh
89. A feast held during the 'Chawng' ceremony is:
- (a) Chawngnawt
 - (b) Chawngtawk
 - (c) Thiantawk
 - (d) Chhawngnawt
90. _____ festival is usually held as soon as jhums have been cut:
- (a) Pawl Kut
 - (b) Mim Kut
 - (c) Kawngpui siam
 - (d) Chapchar Kut
91. "Fano Dawi" is a ceremony performed to ensure good crops and to prevent too many _____:
- (a) Mosquitos
 - (b) Wild animals
 - (c) Birds eating ripe crops
 - (d) None of these

92. 'Lamthlangraphthla' means:
- (a) A widow (b) A widower
(c) A concubine (d) A divorcee
93. In dealing with cases of theft by Mizo chief and Upas, a _____ is always imposed on a man who commits theft (of paddy, etc.) as a supplementary penalty:
- (a) Fathang (b) Chawng
(c) Zupui (d) Salam
94. When the bride reaches her husband's house; the priest kills a pullet and sings a chant wishing the couple for long life, many children etc., and this chant is addressed to:
- (a) Lasi (b) Khuavang
(c) Khawhring (d) Pu Vana
95. In Mizo Society, the death of a woman while giving birth was called
- (a) Sarthi (b) Hlamzuih
(c) Raicheh (d) Awmlai
96. When a girl marries a man who lives in another village, it is known as _____.
- (a) Ralkai (b) Khualkai
(c) Thlangkhuandim (d) Puankhai
97. The author of the Book, "A fly on the Wheel, or How I Helped to Govern India" was :
- (a) T.H. Lewin (b) J. Skakespeare
(c) N.E. Parry (d) Mac Donald
98. During the olden days, the Mizos believed that the soul live eternally. When a man died, the soul burst opens the body from the _____.
- (a) Ear (b) Nose
(c) Forehead (d) Mouth
99. "Hmasang Mizo Awmdan" was authored by:
- (a) Rev. Chhuahkhama (b) K. Zawla
(c) Seletthanga (d) Pastor Challiana
100. The carrier of meat at "Chawng" was said to be:
- (a) Ranpuiphur (b) Rualchawphur
(c) Ranpuipu (d) Rualsapu

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