

**MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**  
**MIZORAM POLICE SERVICE (JUNIOR GRADE)**  
**DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER, 2023**

**PAPER - II**

Time Allowed : 3 hours

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 40

*Marks for each question is indicated against it.*

**CCS(CCA) RULES, 1965 (40 MARKS)**

1. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False': (10×1=10)
- (a) If the reasons for suspension are not explicitly stated in the suspension order, they must be communicated to the Government servant under suspension within three months.
  - (b) A Government servant under suspension should not be allowed to change his headquarters in any circumstance during the suspension period.
  - (c) A Government servant under suspension should not be allowed to appear in departmental examination.
  - (d) Extension of suspension shall not be for a period exceeding 180 days at a time.
  - (e) Disciplinary action can be taken against a Government servant who refuses promotion.
  - (f) Under no circumstances shall the extension for filing a written statement of defense exceed 60 days from the date of receiving the articles of charge.
  - (g) The charged officer may not engage a legal practitioner unless the Presenting Officer is a legal practitioner.
  - (h) Departmental proceedings and proceedings in a criminal case cannot proceed simultaneously.
  - (i) The Inquiry Authority should conclude the inquiry and submit his report within one year from the date of receipt of order of his appointment.
  - (j) An order of dismissal can be given effect to retrospectively from the date of commencement of suspension.
2. List out the four occasions under which a Government servant shall be deemed to have been placed under suspension. (8)
- OR
- List out the penalties that can be imposed on a Government servant under CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965?
3. What is a 'Common Proceedings'? What shall the order of the Common Proceedings specify? (2+3=5)
4. Can more than one statutory penalty be imposed on a Government servant for one offence? (4)
5. What are the documents that a Disciplinary Authority is required to forward to the Inquiry Officer in a disciplinary case? (4)

OR

What are the documents that an Inquiry Authority is required to forward to the Disciplinary Authority on completion of the inquiry?

6. Outline the procedure to be followed when a charged officer submits an application alleging bias on the part of the Inquiry Officer (3)

OR

What is the scope of the action that can be taken against a Government servant who was previously dismissed from service but had that dismissal overturned by a Court of Law?

7. Answer **any three (3)** of the following questions: (3×2=6)

- (a) Which authority has the competence to modify or revoke a suspension order?
- (b) Can a Government servant appointed directly to a higher post be reduced by way of punishment to a lower post which he never held before?
- (c) What is an 'ex parte inquiry'?
- (d) Can an increment already accrued be withheld by an order of penalty?

**FR & SR PART – I : GENERAL RULES (40 MARKS)**

8. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False': (10×1=10)

- (a) A Government servant who has acquired a lien on a post does not retain a lien on that post during suspension.
- (b) Foreign service means the tenure of a Government servant while working on behalf of their Government in another count, whether within or outside India.
- (c) Special casual leave will not be admissible to a Government servant for appearing at the open competitive examinations held by Mizoram Public Service Commission.
- (d) A Government servant will begin to draw the pay and allowance attached to his tenure of a post with effect from the date on which he assumes the duties of that post irrespective of whether he assumes the duties in the forenoon or in the afternoon.
- (e) An increment shall be drawn as a matter of course unless it is withheld.
- (f) Under Central Government, a Government servant who has acquired Ph.D degree will be given a one-time lumpsum incentive of Rs. 30,000.
- (g) The normal retention period for the Government residence (quarters) in the event of the death of the Government servant is 24 months.
- (h) If a Government servant was promoted on 1.1.2023, his Date of Next Increment will be 1.1.2024.
- (i) When a Government servant is awarded a minor penalty only, suspension period shall be treated as duty for all purposes.
- (j) During suspension, subscription to CGEGIS shall not be enforced from the subsistence allowance of the Government servant under suspension.

9. Distinguish between Fee and Honorarium. (4)

OR

Distinguish between Personal Pay and Special Pay.

10. Define Fee. Which income of a Government servant are not included in the meaning of 'Fee' in terms of Fundamental Rules? (4)



11. Define Lien. What are the two circumstances under which a Government servant cannot retain a lien? (2+2=4)
12. How and under what circumstances is a Government Servant said to be on 'duty'? State the conditions for treating training as 'duty' (4+5=9)

OR

Enumerate the various conditions on which service counts for increment in a time-scale.

13. What are the entitlements of a Government servant under suspension? (6)
14. A Government servant was held in police custody, leading to his deemed suspension. Subsequently, it was discovered that his detention was based on erroneous information and lacked justification. Consequently, he was released without facing any prosecution. How should the period of suspension be treated in this case? (3)

**FR & SR PART – II : TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES (20 MARKS)**

15. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False': (10×1=10)
- (a) If a Government servant travels by a route which is not the shortest but is cheaper than the shortest, mileage allowance should be calculated on the route whichever is beneficial for the Government servant.
  - (b) If a Government servant travels by the class lower than the class appropriate to him, he will be entitled to the fare of the class he actually used plus the normal daily allowance.
  - (c) Government servants entitled to air travel should not travel by Private airlines.
  - (d) If a journey is cancelled exclusively due to official reasons, the deductions imposed by the Air Transport Company may be eligible for reimbursement to the Government servant.
  - (e) A Government servant who utilizes Government vehicles for travel may also be eligible for mileage allowance.
  - (f) For the purpose of Daily Allowance, absence from headquarters will be reckoned from midnight to midnight and will be calculated on a per day basis.
  - (g) Daily Allowance cannot be claimed for holidays occurring during an official tour.
  - (h) Daily Allowance is also admissible for the period of enforced halt on account of natural calamity while on tour.
  - (i) Every Government servant is entitled to the use of a taxi or his own car for travel in the event of a transfer from one station to another.
  - (j) Starting from January 1, 1999, the count of children eligible for Travelling Allowance during transfers was limited to two, aiming to promote small family norms.
16. Fill in the blanks with the correct alternative given in the bracket. (10×1=10)
- (a) Government servants in Pay Level \_\_\_\_\_ (6 / 10 / 12) and above are entitled to travel in Economy Class by air.
  - (b) With regards to road transport, Government servants in Pay Level \_\_\_\_\_ (5 / 6 / 10) and below are not entitled to taxi / own car.
  - (c) At places where the concerned authority does not prescribe specific rates, the rate for journey performed in own car / taxi shall be Rs. \_\_\_\_\_ (15 / 24 / 30) per km.

- (d) For Government servant in Pay Level 10, reimbursement of hotel accommodation up to Rs. \_\_\_\_\_ (1500 / 2000 / 2250) per day is admissible.
- (e) Daily Allowance is not admissible for any day on which a Government servant does not reach a point outside the radius of \_\_\_\_\_ (5 / 8 / 20) km from the duty point at his headquarters or return to it from a similar point.
- (f) If the absence from headquarters is less than 6 (six) hours ..... (there will be no DA at all / 30% of lumpsum amount may be drawn / 70% lumpsum amount may be drawn)
- (g) The time-limit for submission of claim for T.A. is \_\_\_\_\_ (30 / 60 / 90) days from the date of completion of the journey.
- (h) No Daily Allowance is admissible beyond \_\_\_\_\_ (60 / 90 / 180) days in case of temporary transfer / training.
- (i) In case of transfer, Composite Transfer Grant and Packing Grant shall be paid at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (75% / 80% / 85%) of the last month's basic pay if the transfer involves a change of station.
- (j) A member of a Government servant's family who follows the Government servant within \_\_\_\_\_ (one / three / six) month(s) from the date of handing over of his charge at the old station may be treated as accompanying the Government servant.

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