MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

TECHNICAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS FOR RECRUITMENT TO THE POST OF CLINICAL RESEARCH OFFICER UNDER HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM, AUGUST, 2022

PAPER - III

Time Allowed : 3 hours

All questions carry equal mark of 2 each. Attempt all questions.

1.	Whic	ch of the following about active immunity is con	rect?	
	(a)	No Lag phase	(b)	Booster doses are useful
	(c)	Useful in immunodeficient people	(d)	No memory cells
2.	Supe	rantigens causes		
	(a)	Enhancement of phagocytosis	(b)	Polyclonal activation of B cells
	(c)	Antigen presentation by macrophages	(d)	Activation of complement
3.	Whic	ch antibody crosses placenta?		
	(a)	IgA	(b)	IgG
	(c)	IgE	(d)	IgM
4.	Paul	Bunnel test is example of		
	(a)	Agglutination	(b)	Precipitation
	(c)	Neutralization	(d)	CFT
5.	Alla	re precipitation reactions except		
	(a)	VDRL	(b)	Kahn test
	(c)	Widal test	(d)	Ascoli's test
6.	Whic	ch of the following act as Anaphylotoxin?		
	(a)	C3a	(b)	C3b
	(c)	C4b	(d)	C2a
7.	A po	sitive tuberculin test is an example of		
	(a)	Type I Hypersensitivity	(b)	Type II Hypersensitivity
	(c)	Type III Hypersensitivity	(d)	Type IV Hypersensitivity
8.	Whic	ch one of the following cytokine induces fever?		
	(a)	IL2	(b)	IL1
	(c)	IL4	(d)	IL5
9.	Whic	ch Antibody mediates type 1 hypersensitivity re	actio	n
	(a)	IgA	(b)	IgG
	(c)	IgE	(d)	IgM
10.	Whic	ch Antibody is elevated in acute infection?		
	(a)	IgA	(b)	IgG
	(c)	IgE	(d)	IgM

Full Marks : 200

11. Which Antibody mediates mucosal immunity?		
(a) IgA	(b)	IgG
(c) IgE		IgM
12. Prozone phenomenon is due to		5
(a) Excess antigen	(b)	Excess antibody
(c) Hyperimmune reaction		Both antigen & antibody excess
13. All the following are antigen presenting cells except		5
(a) T cells		B cells
(c) Dendritic cells	· · /	Macrophage
14. All the following are vaccines given at birth except		1 0
(a) BCG		Hepatitis B
(c) DPT		OPV
15. All the following are live attenuated vaccines except	~ /	
(a) MMR		Yellow Fever
(c) Salk polio	. ,	Sabin polio
16. Grafts placed in anatomically abnormal sites are ca		1
(a) Orthotropic grafts		Heterotrophic grafts
(c) Vital grafts		Static grafts
17. Autoimmunity can be caused due to all of the follo		-
(a) The pressure of forbidden clones	-	Expression of cryptic antigens
(a) The pressure of forbidden clones(c) Negative selection of T cells in the thymus		Release of sequestered antigens
	(u)	Release of sequestered antigens
18. Cell type which lacks HLAAntigen is	(b)	Thrombocytes
(a) Monocytes(c) Neutrophil	(b) (d)	Red blood cells
	(u)	Ked blobd cells
19. Endotoxin acts by	(1-)	Leading wether w
(a) Classical pathway(c) Alternative pathway		Lectin pathway
		Both (a) & (b)
20. Overall immunity of a community towards a patho	-	
(a) Local immunity		Herd immunity
(c) Adoptive immunity	(d)	Adaptive immunity
21. A cell without a cell wall is termed as	(1)	
(a) Tonoplast		Protoplast
(c) Symplast	(d)	Apoplast
22. The oxygen and carbon dioxide crosses the plasm		
(a) Active diffusion		Facilitated diffusion
(c) Passive difusion	(d)	Random diffusion
23. Which of the following cell organelle is involved in	n the b	preakdown of organic matter
(a) Lysosomes		Cytoplasm
(c) Golgi bodies	(d)	Mitochondria
24. Which of the following is involved in the storage of	food	other nutrients, required for a cell to survive
(a) Vacuoles	(b)	Lysosome
(c) Mitochondria	(d)	Cell membrane

	- 5 -		
25. Whic	ch of the following is responsible for transportin	ng, m	odifying and packaging proteins and lipids
(a)	Mitochondria	(b)	Endoplasmic reticulum
(c)	Golgi Complex	(d)	DNA
26. RNA	is present in which of the following cell organ	elle	
(a)	Cell wall	(b)	Ribosome
(c)	Nucleus	(d)	Cell membrane
27. Whic	ch of the following cells release insulin when gl	lucos	e levels elevate in the body
(a)	Gamma cells	(b)	Beta cells
(c)	Alpha cells	(d)	Zeta cella
28. Sodi	um and Potassium pumps are examples of		
(a)	Plasmolysis	(b)	Active transport
(c)	Passive transport	(d)	Osmosis
29. Gap	junctions are absent in which type of cells		
(a)	Sperm cells	(b)	Brain cells
(c)	Reproductive cells	(d)	Cardiac cells
30. Whic	ch of the following are phagocytic cells		
(a)	Neutrophils, mast cells	(b)	Mast cells, macrophages
(c)	Mast cells, antibodies	(d)	Neutrophils, macrophages
31. Whic	ch of the following is known as powerhouse of	the c	ell?
(a)	Mitochondria	(b)	Cytoplasm
(c)	Lysosome	(d)	Nuclei
32. Whic	ch of the following is known as suicide bag of a	a cell'	?
(a)	Mitochondria	(b)	Golgi complex
(c)	Lysosome	(d)	Nuclei
33. Whic	ch part of a neuron receives information from o	other	neurons?
(a)	Cell body	(b)	Axon
(c)	Dendrites	(d)	Myelin sheath
34. DNA	is stored in which of the following cell organe	lle?	
(a)	Cell wall	(b)	Cell membrane
(c)	Nucleus	(d)	Cytoplasm
35. Whic	ch of the following doesn't have a cell?		
(a)	Virus	(b)	Bacteria
(c)	Fungi	(d)	Algae
36. Acid	fastness of M. tuberculosis is due to		
(a)	Peptidoglycan layer	(b)	Arabinoglycan layer
(c)	Mycolic acid layer	(d)	Lipoarabinomannan
37. Elepl	hantiasis is caused by		
(a)	Wucherei bancrofti	(b)	Ascaris limbricoides
(c)	Enterobius vermicularis	(d)	Fasciola hepatica
38. Whic	ch of the following site is most commonly affec	ted b	y C.diphtheria
	Skin		Conjunctiva
(c)	Faucial	(d)	Kidney

- **39.** Plaque is transmitted by
 - (a) Rat flea
 - (c) Hard tick
- 40. The causative agent of Syphilis is
 - (a) Entamoeba histolytica
 - (c) Plasmodium
- 41. Hand-foot-and -mouth disease is caused by
 - (a) HSV
 - (c) Measles

- (b) Soft tick
- (d) Louse
- (b) Neisseria gonorrhoea
- (d) Treponema pallidum
- (b) Coxsakie virus
- (d) Chicken pox
- 42. A Tzank smear of a scrapping obtained from a vesicle on the skin demonstrates multinucleate giant cells. Which of the following is associated with such findings
 - (a) HSV-1 (b) Variola major
 - (c) Coxackie virus
- **43.** The correct sequence of manifestation seen in measles is
 - (a) Fever Koplik's spot- rash
 - (c) Rash fever Koplok's spot
- 44. During window period of patient with AIDS, best diagnostic test is
 - (a) ELISA
 - (c) Rapid test
- 45. What does '19' in Covid 19 refer to
 - (a) There are 19 variants of the coronavirus
 - (b) There are 19 symptoms of coronavirus disease
 - (c) This is the 19 coronavirus pandemic
 - (d) The coronavirus and disease were identified in 2019
- 46. Most common fungus causing secondary infection in severe Covid-19 patients
 - (a) Mucor (b) Apergillilus (c) Candida
- 47. What is the infective form of malaria parasite
 - (a) Oocyst (c) Bradtzoite
- **48.** Germ tube test is a diagnostic test for
 - (a) Candida glabrata (b) Candida albicans
 - (c) Cryptococcus neoformans (d) Coccidioidesimmitis
- 49. All of the following are oncogenic RNA viruses except
 - (a) HTLV I (b) HIV
 - (c) Hepatitis B (d) Hepatitis C
- 50. Best indicator of HIV prognosis
 - (b) CD8 T cell count (a) CD4T cell count (c) HIV RNA (d) ELISA
- 51. All of the following are transmitted by respiratory route except
 - (a) Influenza virus (b) SARSCoV2 virus
 - (c) Respiratory Syncytial virus (d) Rotavirus

(b) Koplik's spot - fever - rash

(d) Molluscum contagiosa

- (d) Rush Koplik's spot fever
- (b) Western blot
- (d) RT-PCR

- (d) Cryptococcus
- (b) Sporozoite
- (d) Tachyzoite

52.	Scale	led skin syndrome toxin is released by		
	(a)	Streptococcus pyogenes	(b)	Staphylococcus aureus
	(c)	Enterococcus faecalis	(d)	Corynebacterium diphtheria
53.	Мусс	obacterium tuberculosis complex includes all e	xcept	t
	(a)	M. tuberculosis	(b)	M. bovis
	(c)	M. leprae	(d)	M. caprae
54.	Com	mon name of Trichuristrichiura is		
	(a)	Pinworm	(b)	Roundworm
	(c)	Hook worm	(d)	Whipworm
55.	Scrul	b typhus is caused by		
	(a)	R. prowazekii	(b)	R. typhi
	(c)	O. tsutsugamushi	(d)	Coxiellaburnetii
56.	Who	is known as Father of Genetics		
	(a)	Morgan	(b)	Mendel
	(c)	Watson	(d)	Bateson
57.	Cysti	c fibrosis is		
	(a)	Sex-linked recessive disorder	(b)	Autosomal dominant disorder
	(c)	Autosomal recessive disorder	(d)	Sex-linked dominant disorder
58.	Hom	ozygosity and heterozygosity of an individual	can b	e determined by
	(a)	Black cross	(b)	Self- fertilisation
	(c)	Test cross	(d)	All cross
59.	The a	alternate form of a gene		
	(a)	Alternate type	(b)	Recessive character
	(c)	Dominant character	(d)	Allele
60.	Whic	ch of the following repeated sequences include	s an c	open reading frame for reverse transcriptase
	(a)	LINE	(b)	SINE
	(c)	Segmental duplication	(d)	DNA transposon
61.	DNA	helices enzyme involved in base excision repa	ir me	chanism is
	(a)	DNA helicase I	(b)	DNA helicase II
	(c)	DNA helicase III	(d)	DNA helicase IV
62.	In hu	mans, each cell normally contains	_of c	hromosomes
	(a)	11 pairs	(b)	23 pairs
	(c)	32 pairs	(d)	46 pairs
63.		amily, father is having a disease and mother is not to sons. What type of disease is this	norma	al. The disease is inherited to only daughters
	(a)	Sex linked dominant	(b)	Sex linked recessive
	(c)	Autosomal dominant	(d)	Autosomal recessive
64.	Whic	ch of the following is not a type of chromosom	al abe	erration?
	(a)	Duplication	(b)	Translocation
	(c)	Mutations	(d)	Inversion

65.	A women with one gene for haemophilia and one gene for colour blindness marries a normal man.				
	How will the progeny be				
	(a) Haemophilic and colour blind daughters(b) All sons and daughters are haemophilic and colour blind				
	(b) All sons and daughters are haemophilic and c(c) 50% haemophilic and colour blind sons and f				
	(d) 50% haemophilic and colour blind sons and 5				
~	· / -				
66.	Haemophilia is more common in males because it i				
	(a) Recessive character carried by Y -chromosome				
	(b) Dominant character carried by Y - chromosome				
	(c) Dominant trait carried by X- chromosome				
~-	(d) Recessive trait carried by X - chromosome				
67.	The DNA structure was investigated in the year				
	(a) 1943	(b)	1953		
	(c) 1963	(d)	1973		
68.	The helical nature of DNA was revealed by the wo	rk of			
	(a) Linus Pauling	(b)			
	(c) Maurice Wilkins	(d)	Louis Pasteur		
69.	Translation is a process of				
	(a) mRNA synthesis	(b)	tRNA synthesis		
	(c) Protein synthesis	(d)	Nucleic acid synthesis		
70.	Proto-oncogenes are possessed by the				
	(a) RNA virus	(b)	DNA virus		
	(c) Cells Themselves	(d)	Pathogenic bacteria		
71.	Polymerase Chain reaction (PCR) was invented by	у			
	(a) Kary Mulis	(b)	James Watson		
	(c) John Hopkins	(d)	Hargobind Khorana		
72.	Tag polymerase is a				
	(a) Heat-stable	(b)	Buffering		
	(c) Denaturant	(d)	Large		
73.	73. The temperature cycles in a polymerase chain reaction are in the order				
	(a) 95p,60p,72p	(b)	60p ,72p , 95p		
	(c) 72p, 60p 95p	(d)	95p , 72p 60p		
74.	Which of the following is used to precipitate the nu	cleic	acids?		
	(a) Glycerol		Ethanol		
	(c) Methanol	(d)	Ethylene		
75.	Which type of gel is used for large nucleic acids?		-		
	(a) Acrylamide	(b)	Cellulose		
	(c) Agarose	(d)			
76	Which technique is used to separate nucleic acids		1		
	(a) SDS-PAGE		Pulsed –field electrophoresis		
		()	1		

- (c) 2D-gel electrophoresis
- (d) Isoelectric focusing

77.	The p	procedure by which DNA gel is transferred to	a me	mbrane is termed as
	-	Blotting		Centrifugation
		Electrophoresis		Paper chromatography
78.	78. Which of the following can be analyzed using a Northern blot?			
		RNA		Carbohydrates
		Proteins		DNA
79.	Whic	h enzyme is used in the unwinding of DNA		
		Ligase	(b)	Topoisomerase
	(c)	Helicase	(d)	Exonuclease
80.	What	is resolution		
	(a)	Exchange of DNA fragments	(b)	Heterochromatin structure formation
	(c)	Regeneration of duplex DNA molecule	(d)	Cleavage of holiday junction
81.	Whic	h of the following does not take part in gene e	xpres	ssion
	(a)	Transcription	(b)	RNA processing
	(c)	Replication	(d)	Translation
82.	Whic	h of the following will form a palindromic sequ	ience	
	(a)	AGTCCTGA	(b)	GTTCCAAG
	(c)	ATTGCAAT	(d)	GTTGGAAC
83.	DNA	synthesis can be measured by estimating the i	ncor	poration of radio labelled
	(a)	Thymine	(b)	Guanine
	(c)	Cytosine	(d)	Adenine
84.	In euk	caryotes, the mismatch repair mechanism is in	itiate	d and directed by
	(a)	Methylated DNA strand	(b)	Acetylated DNA strand
	(c)	Strand specific nicks	(d)	Double stranded breaks
85.	Whic	h of the following processes does not occur in	1 prol	saryotes
	(a)	Transcription	(b)	Splicing
	(c)	Translation	(d)	Replication
86.	Whic	h of the following databases can be used to ac	cess	text information about human diseases?
	(a)	EST	(b)	PBD
	(c)	OMIM	(d)	HTGS
87.	An ex	ample of homology & similarity tool		
	(a)	PROSPECT	(b)	EMBOSS
	(c)	RASMOL	(d)	BLAST
88.	Whic	h of the following amino acid is least mutable	accoi	rding to PAM scoring matrix
	(a)	Alanine	(b)	Glutamine
	(c)	Methionine	(d)	Cysteine
89.		have a reasonably short, typical, double str	rande	ed DNA sequence . Basically , how many
	-	ins can it potentially encode	(1-)	2
	(a)		(b) (d)	

- 7 -

(c) 3 (d) 6

- 90. Normalised BLAST scores (also called bit scores)
 - (a) Are unitless
 - (b) Are not related to the scoring matrix that is used
 - (c) Can be compared between different BLAST searches, even if different scoring matrices are used
 - (d) Can be compared between different BLAST searches, but only if the same scoring matrices are used
- 91. A PSI-BLAST search is most useful when you want to do the following
 - (a) Find the rat ortholog of a human protein
 - (b) Extend a database search to find additional proteins
 - (c) Extend a database search to find additional DNA sequences
 - (d) Use a pattern or signature to extend a protein search
- 92. Which of the following BLAST programs uses a signature of amino acids to find proteins within a family?
 - (a) **PSI-BLAST** (b) PHI-BLAST
 - (c) MS BLAST (d) WormBLAST
- 93. An example of of an operational taxonomic unit (OTU) is
 - (a) Multiple sequence alignment (b) Protein sequence
 - (c) Clade (d) Node
- 94. Deposition of cDNA into inert structure is
 - (a) DNA fingerprinting (b) DNA polymerase (c) DNA probes (d) DNA microarray
- 95. Analysing or comparing entire genome of species
 - (a) Bioinformatics
 - (c) Proteomics
- 96. Characterizing molecular component is
 - (a) Genomics
 - (c) Proteomics
- 97. Most commonly used measure of central tendency is
 - (a) Mode (b) Median
 - (c) Mean
- 98. Difference between the minimum value and the maximum value of the observations
 - (a) Variance (b) Interquartile range
 - (d) Standard deviation (c) Range
- 99. The following measure is not influenced by extreme values in a data set
 - (a) Arithmetic mean (b) Interquartile range
 - (c) Range (d) Interquartile and range

100. When the data set contains too many extreme values, the most representative average value is

* * * * * * *

- (b) Median (a) Mode
- (c) Mean (d) Variance

- (b) Genomics
- (d) Pharmacogenomics
- (b) Cheminformatics
- (d) Bioinformatics
- (d) Range