## MIZORAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

# General Competitive Examinations for Recruitment to the post of Jr. Grade of Mizoram Forest Service (Asst. Conservator of Forests) under Environment, Forest \& Climate Change Department, Government of Mizoram, 2023 

## CHEMISTRY

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any 10 (ten) questions taking 5 (five) questions from each section.

## SECTION - A

1. (a) What are the significance of principal and azimuthal quantum numbers?
(b) Write the molecular orbital energy level diagram of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ molecule and explain its difference from the MO diagram of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$.
2. (a) What do you mean by stoichiometric defect? Make a comparison of Schottky and Frenkel defects.
$(1+4=5)$
(b) Give an account on Maxwell's distribution of molecular velocities. Explain how velocities change with temperature.
3. (a) Derive an expression for entropy change of an ideal gas associated with temperature and volume.
(b) Draw and discuss the phase diagram for the water system.
4. (a) Give an account of the Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes and explain the asymmetry effect.
(b) Discuss the effect of temperature on the rate of reaction.
5. (a) Discuss the kinetics of hydrogen-chlorine reaction and comment on the quantum yield.
(b) Derive an expression for Langmuir's adsorption isotherm.
6. (a) How does crystal field theory differ from valence bond theory? How does CFT account for the fact that $\left[\mathrm{CoF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$ is paramagnetic but $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$ is diamagnetic?
$(2+3=5)$
(b) By taking a suitable example, discuss the bonding in the metal olefin complex.
7. (a) What is meant by lanthanide contraction? What are its causes?
(b) What do you mean by the solvent-system concept of acid and base? Explain the neutralization reaction in liquid ammonia by using this concept.

## SECTION - B

8. (a) Designate each of the following as Aromatic or Antiaromatic:
(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(v)

(b) Explain the mechanism of Hoffmann elimination pathway taking suitable examples.
9. (a) Write the major product of each of the given reactions:
$(4 \times 1.5=6)$
(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(b) Assign R or S configuration of the following compounds:
(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

10. Propose suitable mechanisms for the following reactions. (Any two):
(i)

(ii)

(iii)

11. (a) Based on Woodward-Hoffmann rule explain the electrocyclic interconversion of Cyclobutene

- Butadiene system.
(b) Complete the following reactions (mechanism not required):
(i) $\xrightarrow[\text { sensitiser }]{\text { O }} \xrightarrow{\text { Reduction }}$ ?


12. (a) Complete the following reactions:

(i)




(b) Equal number of polymer molecules with $\mathrm{M}_{1}=10,000$ and $\mathrm{M}_{2}=100,000$ are mixed. Calculate $\bar{M}_{n}$ and $\bar{M}_{m}$.
13. Predict the products with suitable mechanisms for the following reactions (Any two):
(i)


(iii)

14. (a) The following polyene show $\lambda_{\max }$ at $284 \mathrm{~nm}(\epsilon=28000)$ and $315 \mathrm{~nm}(\epsilon=7000)$ in ethanol. Find out which is which?

(I)

(II)
(b) An organic compound $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}\right)$ shows ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{NMR}}$ signals as: $\delta=2.14$, singlet and $=9.78$, quartet. Identify the compound.
(c) Explain Mc-Lafferty rearrangement taking suitable examples.
(2)
